

Computer Science - ICS Part 1 Computer Science Chapter 3 Short Questions Preparation

Q1. Define ASCII Code.

Ans 1: ASCII(American Standard Code For information interchange) is a 7-bit code and makes 128 chracter combinations,wheares an 8 bit can make 256 combinations.Its was developed by American National Standard Insitute.(ANSI) and can handle alphanumeric and data.

Q2. What is parallel data transmission ?

Ans 1: Parallel data transmission involves the concurrent lines. This pattern resembles the flow of automobile traffic on a multilane highway. Internal transfer of binary data in computer users a parallel mode.

Q3. State the purpose of external mode.

Ans 1: Exernal Modem is attached to the system unit as an external device by means of a telephone cable.It is connected to the telephone wall jack by another cable.The modem is a self conatined unit which is connected to PC using a serial cable to the COM1 or COM2 port.

Q4. What is the use of fax machine?

Ans 1: Fax machine enables a computer to transmit and recieve doocuments as forcrs on a telephone line.A fax modem is like a data mode but is designes to transmit and receive documents to and from a fax machine or another fax modem.

Q5. What is signal?

Ans 1: The electromagnatic or light waves representating data are called signals.These are used to transfer data from one device to another through transmission medium.

Q6. Define Serial Data transmission.

Ans 1: Most data transmitted over telephone lines ise a serial pattern,That is each indiviual bit of information travels along its own communication path.The bits flow in a continuous stream along the communicaton channel.

Q7. Define digital signals.

Ans 1: A digital signals uses on-off electrical pulses in discontinuous or discrete form.Most computers are digital in nature,represent data as patterns of binary number.

Q8. What is the role of Sender in Data Communication?

Ans 1: The sender is the device that sends the data. it can be computer, Workstation telephone video camera and so on.

Q9. Define Mobile communication.

Ans 1: Mobile Communication: It is a radio based network that transmits data to and from a mobile computer. A computer can be connected to the network through wired ports or through wireless connections.

Q10. What is parallel data transmission?

Ans 1: Parallel data transmission involves the concurrent flow of bits of data through separate communication lines. This pattern resembles the flow of automobile traffic on a multi-lane highway. Internal transfer of binary data in a computer uses a parallel mode.
