

Economics - ICom Part 2 Principles of Economics Chapter 9 Short Questions Preparation

Q1. What is meant by occupational mobility.

Ans 1: When a labourer changes his occupation, it is called occupational mobility. For example, a washerman may become a tailor or a lecturer may become a magistrate.

Q2. What is meant by disguised unemployment.

Ans 1: If in some business more people are employed than the requirement, they are called disguised unemployed. For example, if five persons can run a business but six are employed, then one person will be disguised unemployed.

Q3. Write kinds of unemployment.

Ans 1: 1- Technical unemployment 2- Structural unemployment

Ans 2: 3- Frictional unemployment 4- Voluntary unemployment

Ans 3: 5- Disguised unemployment 6- Cyclical unemployment

Q4. What is meant by Vertical mobility.

Ans 1: When a labourer moves from a lower grade to a higher grade, it will be his vertical mobility. For example, a clerk may become an officer or a school teacher may become a lecturer.

Q5. What are the means of communications.

Ans 1: 1- Post 2- Telegraph 3- Telephone 4- Wireless 5- Television

Ans 2: 6- Computer and information technology

Q6. How many private companies are providing air service in the country.

Ans 1: 1- Sheen Airlines 2- Aeroasia Airlines 3- Bhoja Airlines

Ans 2: 4- Airblue Airlines 5- Safe Airlines

Q7. Write five suggestions to solve the problem of over population in Pakistan.

Ans 1: 1- Increase in agricultural and industrial production
2- Establishment of technical training institutions
3- Establishment of cottage industries in the rural areas.
4- Increase in the effective labour force
5- Preachign of small family.

Q8. What is meant by Horizontal mobility.

Ans 1: When a labourer moves from one profession to another having similar salary and status, it will be his horizontal mobility, for example a clerk becomes a primary school teacher or a labourer shifts from sugar factory to cement factory on the same salary and facilities..

Q9. What is meant by mobility of Labour.

Ans 1: Mobility of Labour means the ability and capacity of a labourer to move from one occupation to another occupation one place to another place, lower grade to higher grade and lower group to higher group socially.

Q10. Write main seaports of Pakistan.

Ans 1: 1- Karachi Seaport 2- Qasim Sea port 3- Gwader seaport
