

## English - ICOM Part 2 English chapter 13 Short Questions Preparation

Q1. What is the chief defect of antiseptic method?

**Ans 1:** Its flaws was that chemical like carbolic acid not only destroyed germs but also harmed the white cells of the body which function as the natural defence of the body,So the use of carbolic acid was abandoned.

Q2. How did a man in Italy express his thanks for Fleming?

**Ans 1:** In Italy at medical gathering a an with his 3 children pushed forward and said to Fleming that his children owned their lives to him,He asked his children to pray for Fleming in their prayers.

Q3. Give an account of the early life of Fleming?

**Ans 1:** Fleming was born on a farm near Darvel in 1881.He was the youngest of the family of eight.His father died when he was seven,He got his early education from Darvel School.At 14 he went to London at 21 he received a share in legacy.His brother Thomas pushed him to study medicine.

Q4. What was Fleming great contribution to the field of medical science?

**Ans 1:** Fleming contribution stimulated other people to work,He discovered new drug made by nature,Fleming himself consider it the most important result of his work.

Q5. How did Fleming discovered penicillin?

**Ans 1:** Fleming was making some experiments ;a mould spore came flying through the window and dropped on the culture plate.This thing began to grow and the germs began to disappear,He named it penicillin.

Q6. What is Lysozyme and how Fleming discovered it?

**Ans 1:** Lysozyme is a first natural antiseptic Fleming discovered it when he was suffering from Catarrh,he began ti examine owned their lives to him.He ask his children to pray for Flamening in his prayers.

Q7. What part is played by the white cells in the blood of human body?

**Ans 1:** White blood cells are the natural armour of the body,when germs enter the body;they are immediately attacked by white cell,In fact the disease is a fight between the white blood cells and the germs.

Q8. What did Wright and Fleming discover about antiseptic method?

**Ans 1:** They discovered that the treatment was doing more harm than good. In some cases, the chemical were helping the germs to grow and multiply. They conclude the antiseptic method was wrong.

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Q9. Why was antiseptic method not successful especially in 1914?

**Ans 1:** Antiseptic method was better than antiseptic method, But this method was not successful especially during the War 1914 because it could not be used on a large scale in War time.

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Q10. What is antiseptic and what is antiseptic method?

**Ans 1:** Antiseptic are the Chemical used to kill germs e.g carbolic acid iodine etc, The used for the chemical for the treatment of wound is called antiseptic method.

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