

Principles of Accounting - ICOM Part 1 Principles of Accounting Chapter 5 Short Question Preparation

Q1. Describe the main objective of preparing a trail balance.

Ans 1: The main objective of preparing a trail balance are following:

1. The first objective of trail balance is to prove the equality of the debit and credit balance.
2. It helps in locating errors within a specified period if it is prepared periodically and this it makes easy to discover error make correction.
3. It serves as a convenient basis for the preparation of final accounts trading and profit and loss account and Balance Sheet.

Q2. What is mean by zero balance?

Ans 1: If the two sides of an account are equal that account will show zero balance.

Q3. Write down the difference between the journal and ledger.

Ans 1: Journal : It is book of original entry accounting entries are recorded in journal in order by date.

Ans 2: Ledger; It record classified and summarized financial information from journals as debit and credits. There is no need of narration under each account in the ledger.

Q4. What is credit balance?

Ans 1: If the credit side of an account is greater than its debit side, the difference in amount is known as credit balance.

Q5. What is meant by posting?

Ans 1: The process of transferring information ,debits and credits from journal to ledger is known as posting.

Q6. What is balance?

Ans 1: The difference between the two sides of an account is called balance.

Q7. Define trail balance.

Ans 1: The trail balance is a list of all of the ledger accounts and their respective debit and credit balances, It is a two column scheduler listing the names and balances of all the accounts in the order in which they appear in the ledger.

Q8. Define ledger.

Ans 1: Ledger records the effects of transaction according to their class, the process of recording in the ledger is called posting.
