

Business Mathematics - 11th Class Business Math Chapter 3 Short Questions Preparation

Q1. Define degree of the equation.

Ans 1: Degree of the Equation: The degree of an equation is the highest power of its monomials (individual terms) with non-zero coefficients. The degree of a term is the sum of the exponents of the variable that appear in it, and thus non-negative integer

Ans 2: Examples: $x^3 + 3x^2 + 2 = 0$ Degree of equation is "3"

Ans 3: ii) $x^2 + 2x^2y^2 + y^2 = 0$ Degree of equation is "4"

Q2. What is meant by conditional equation?

Ans 1: Conditional Equation: An equation that is true for some values of variables and not true of others.

Ans 2: Example: The equation $2x - 14 = 0$ is conditional because it is only true for $x = 7$ Other values for x do not satisfy the equation.

Q3. Define an exponential equation.

Ans 1: Exponential Equation: The equation in which the required variable arises as the exponent are called exponential equations.

Ans 2: Example: i) $3^{2x} + 9 = 3^x$ ii) $5^{x+5} - x = 3$

Q4. Write any two basic arithmetic operations.

Ans 1: The four basic mathematics operations are:

Ans 2: i) Addition

Ans 3: 2) Subtraction

Ans 4: 3) Multiplication

Ans 5: 4) Division

Q5. Write any two methods of finding solutions of a quadratic equation.

Ans 1: Quadratic equation can be solved by following methods:

Ans 2: i) Methods of factorization.

Ans 3: ii) Methods of completing square

Ans 4: iii) Using quadratic formula

Q6. Define an equation.

Ans 1: Equation: Equation in Mathematics is way of expressing equality of two expressing on the basis of logic and number. Example: $x + 2 = 5$ $x^2 + 3x + 2 = 0$

Q7. Define an extraneous root of an equation.

Ans 1: Extraneous Root: Those roots do not satisfy the original equation and known as extraneous roots.

Q8. Define quadratic equation.

Ans 1: Quadratic Equation: An algebraic equation in one or more unknowns with maximum power of unknown as two is called quadratic equation.

Ans 2: Standard Form: The standard form of quadratic equation in single unknown x is given as under: $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ Where a, b and c are constant and $a \neq 0$

Q9. Define reciprocal equation.

Ans 1: Reciprocal Equation: Equation of the form $ax^4 + bx^3 + cx^2 + bx + a = 0$ is called reciprocal equation. The point to remember for reciprocal equation is that the coefficient from the beginning and end are equal. Example: $x^4 + 4x^3 + 5x^2 + 4x + 1 = 0$

Q10. Define variable quantities.

Ans 1: Variable Quantity: A quantity that can assume any of a set of values:

Ans 2: Variable: A variable is a symbol that can be replaced by any one of a set of different numbers.

Ans 3: Example: $y = f(x) = x + 6$ In above relation x is independent variable whereas y is dependent variable.
