

English - FSC Part 2 English Chapter 15 Short Questions Preparation

Q1. What were the terms offered to the Turkey by the Allies?

Ans 1: The Ottoman Empire was to be under the supervision of the Allied power, The whole of Eastern Anatolia was to be added to the state of America, The capital was to remain under the control of British, France and Italy.

Q2. Discuss in a Few sentences "Mustafa Kamal as a nation builder".

Ans 1: Mustafa Kamal is called nation builder because he liberated his country from the foreign occupation and laid the foundation of modern Turkey, He introduced revolutionary reforms to put Turkish nation on the road of progress.

Q3. Describe the reforms introduced by the Mustafa Kamal with reference to adoption of Roman Script.

Ans 1: Mustafa Kamal replaced the Turkish Script with the Roman Script, he showed personal interest in this work and toured the country to teach the new script to the masses.

Q4. How did Turks enter Izmir?

Ans 1: On the 9th of the September 1922, The Turks entered in Izmir in a long line of decorated cars with an escort of cavalry on the either side, He was now the commander in chief of the free Turkish forces and was titled as Savior in Turkey.

Q5. Describe the reforms introduced by Mustafa Kamal with reference to change in dress?

Ans 1: Mustafa Kamal was in favour of woman freedom, He abolished veil, He also abolished the national head dress Fez in 1925 and made the use of hat compulsory.

Q6. What were Mustafa Kamal economic reforms?

Ans 1: Mustafa Kamal launched great development and construction schemes for the railway, He introduced Turkish five years plan and encouraged heavy industry, He organized the banking system and the Ottoman public debt was reduced to its minimum.

Q7. Describe the reforms introduced by Mustafa Kamal with the reference to the position of women?

Ans 1: Mustafa Kamal was the champion of the woman rights. He addresses the people in the manner, "Our nation had decided to be strong and our absolute need today is the higher education of women. They shall be instructed in every field of science and receive the same degree as men".

Q8. Why was Mustafa Kamal sent to Anatolia?

Ans 1: Mustafa Kamal was sent to Anatolia to crush the rebellious movement of Kiyazim Kera Baker who refused to disband his men and continued resistance against the allies.

Q9. Why did Mehmet order Mustafa Kamal to return to Constantinople?

Ans 1: It was because Mustafa Kamal had successfully raised the National Army of the patriots. They vowed to fight against the foreign forces. Moreover, when the people heard about the advancing Greeks, they rose to the occasion. A rebellion was anticipated, so Mehmet ordered Kamal to return to Istanbul.

Q10. What was the national head dress before Mustafa Kamal?

Ans 1: Before Mustafa Kamal, the national head dress was the "The Fez".
