

Chemistry - 12th Class Chemistry Chapter 4 Short Questions Preparation

Q1. Give name and formulas of Oxyacids of Phosphorous.

Ans 1: Name Formula
Phosphoric acid H₃PO₃
Orthophosphoric acid H₃PO₄
Pyrophosphoric acid H₄P₂O₇
Metaphosphoric acid HPO₃

Q2. Write names and formulas of oxyacids of nitrogen.

Ans 1: Name Formula
1.Nitrous Acid HNO₂
2. Nitric Acid HNO₃

Q3. Justify that H₂SO₄is a king of chemicals?

Ans 1: H₂SO₄has many applications in daily life,laboratories,industries etc.What's common to petrol,fertilizers,cars and soap? They,like a lot of other things require sulfuric acid to be made.That's why sulfuric acid is called the king of chemicals.

Q4. How does HNO3act as an oxidizing agent?

Ans 1: It acts as a strong oxidizing agent due to the ease with which it is decomposed. $2HNO_{3(aq)}$ —— $>H_2O + 2NO_2(g) + [O]_{(g)}$

Q5. Why SO₃is dissolved in H₂SO₄and not in water?

Ans 1: SO₃is not directly dissolved in water, since absorption is incomplete and mist of SO₃and H₂SO₄fills the factory, which causes great causes great inconvenience the workers. Therefor, SO₃ is absorbed in concentrated H₂SO₄and Oleum(H₂S₂O₇) formed can be converted to sulphuric acid of any strength by mixing adequate quantities of water.

Q6. Describe Ring test for confirmation of presence of nitrate ions in solution?

Ans 1: To the aqueous solution of NO_3 ions add $FeSO_4$ solution. Shake it well and add concentrated H_2SO_4 along the side of test tube. It forms a ring of brown coloured addition compound at the junction of two liquids due to the addition compound formed by the action of NO produced wit $FeSO_4$

 $FeSO_{4(aq)} + NO_{(g)} -----> FeSO_4.NO_{(aq)}$

- Q7. How does nitrogen differ from other elements of its group? Give four points.
 - Ans 1: i)Nitrogen is diatomic gas and occurs in free state while other members tetra atomic solids and occur in combines state.
 - Ans 2: ii) Nitrogen does not show allotropy while other do except bismuth.
 - Ans 3: iii) Nitrogen shows +1,+2,+3,+4,+5,-1,-2,-3 oxidation states, while other elements don't show the variety of oxidation states.
 - Ans 4: iv) Nitrogen is poor conductor of heat electricity and give acidic oxides except phosphorus while other member are not.
- Q8. Give the advantage of contact process for the manufacture of sulphuric acid.

Ans 1: i) Contact process gives good yield of sulphuric acid.

ii) Contact process produce sulphuric acid which is in its pure form.

Q9. How HNO₃can be two metals which evolve hydrogen upon reaction with HNO₃?

Ans 1: In laboratory, nitric acid is prepared by heating potassium nitrate crystals with concentrated sulphuric acid.

KNO_{3(s)}+ H₂SO_{4(conc)}----->KHSO_{4(aq)}+ HNO_{3(aq)}

- Q10. Write two dissimilarities of oxygen and sulphur?
 - Ans 1: Oxygen:1) It is gas at ordinary temperature.
 - 2) Oxygen is sparingly soluble in water.
 - 3) It is paramagnetic in nature.
 - Ans 2: Sulphur:1) It is solid at ordinary temperature.
 - 2) Sulphur is not soluble in water.
 - 3) It is diamagnetic in nature.