

Education (English Medium) - FA Part 1 Education English Medium Chapter 5 Short Questions Test

Q1. Exemplify the relationship between stimulus and response.
Ans 1: The students were making noise in the absence of the teacher. As soon as the teacher entered the class, the students became silent. Entering of the teacher is a stimulus and silence of the student is a response.
Q2. Define 'learning law of effect'.
Ans 1: A learning principle that actions which have a pleasant effect on the organisms are likely to be repeated.
Q3. Define 'interest' with reference to psychology.
Ans 1: Psychologically speaking, interest is an inner mental state by which an individual feels pleasure in doing a particular task. With this state of mind, an individual exhibits excellent performance in the education affairs.
Q4. Write down three examples of learning through trial & error from educational setting.
 Ans 1: Following are the asked examples: 1. Make efforts to write letters on the slate and afterwards write the correct words 2. Completion of pictures and words with the help of various blocks. 3. To solve a question of mathematics after committing repeated mistakes.
Q5. Define motivation.
Ans 1: Motivation refers to a condition that energizes behavior and gives it direction. This is a well established definition of motivation.
Q6. Write down three experts of cognitive theory of learning.
Ans 1: Here are the significant experts of cognitive theory of learning: 1. K Koffka. 2. W. Kohler. 3. D.P Ausubel.

Q7. Write down the role of interest in the learning process with two points.

Ans 1: Following are the asked points:

1. An individual can learn a task quickly due to interest.

2. The instructional process can be made effective due to interest.

Q8. Write two points highlighting the significance of 'attention' in learning process.

Ans 1: Following are the asked points:

- 1. Attention increases the pace of attention.
- 2. Attention produces harmony between stimulus and response.

Q9. Define 'learning'.

Ans 1: Learning is a relatively permanent change in behavior due to experience. Learning is a relatively enduring change in observable behavior that occurs as a result of experience.

Q10. Write down three types of changes due to natural and learning process.

Ans 1: Following are the asked changes:

- 1. Natural changes.
- 2. Temporary changes.
- 3. Permanent changes.