

Biology (New Book) - 9th Class Biology English Medium Chapter 9 Preparation

Q1. State the roles of nitrogen and magnesium in plants.

Ans 1: Nitrogen is a component of proteins, chlorophyll and enzymes. It catalyzes biochemical reactions within plant cells. Magnesium is a component of chlorophyll; it activates many enzymes.

Q2. What is Active transport?

Ans 1: It is a movement of molecules across a cell membrane from a low concentration to a high concentration using energy.

Q3. Define transpiration and its types.

Ans 1: Define
The loss of water in the form of vapours from plant surface is called transpiration.
Types:
1. Stomatal transpiration
2. Cuticular transpiration
3. Lenticular transpiration.

Q4. Define nutrition

Ans 1: Nutrition means the processes in which food is prepared or obtained and converted into body substances for growth and energy.

Q5. Define excretion

Ans 1: The process by which metabolic wastes are eliminated from the body to maintain internal conditions at equilibrium is called excretion. e.g. urea, salts of uric acid and water are eliminated out of the body through excretion.

Q6. How does the balance between photosynthesis and respiration affect gas exchange during the day and night?

Ans 1: During the day, leaves release oxygen and take carbon dioxide from the environment. During the night, all cells are carrying out respiration while taking in oxygen and releasing carbon dioxide.

Q7. Define the term Transpiration.

Ans 1: The loss of water in the form of vapours from plant surface is called transpiration.

Q8. What is transport in plants.

Ans 1: Transport means the movement of substances, such as water, nutrients, hormones, and waste products within an organism.

Q9. Define Xylem

Ans 1: Xylem: It is the vascular tissue responsible for the transporting water and minerals absorbed by the roots from the soil to the parts of the plants.

Q10. Define mineral nutrition in plants.

Ans 1: Plants get their food from a process called photosynthesis. But for the synthesis of other biomolecules, they need other materials from soil. Such materials are called mineral nutrients and the process through which these special chemicals are absorbed from soil that are essential for the plants to grow is called mineral nutrition.
