

Civics (English Medium) - 9th Class English Medium Civics Full Book Test

Q1. What is democracy ?

Ans 1: Democracy is that form of government in which supremacy belongs to the majority. The government is set up in the larger interest of the people. In this system, people directly, or indirectly solve their problems, and everyone has equal status before the law.

Q2. What is Executive ?

Ans 1: The second organ of the government is called Executive. The basic functions of this organ is enforcement of laws and their implementation. The executive is mostly responsible to run the affairs of the government.

Q3. What is the relationship between Civics and Political Science ?

Ans 1: Civics deals with every aspect of social life, whereas Political Science deals with state and its administrative affairs. We can say that Political Science starts the studies of common subjects from that place where Civics ends up.

Q4. Explain the element of sovereignty.

Ans 1: Sovereignty is the supreme power of a state unrestrained by law.

Q5. What is conjugal family ?

Ans 1: Where, wife, husband and children live separately, it is called conjugal family system. In the modern age, people are more inclined towards conjugal family system.

Q6. What is Legislature ?

Ans 1: Legislature consists of one or two houses of parliament. The most important fundamental duty of legislature to make laws.

Q7. What is the definition of state by Aristotle ?

Ans 1: "A state is a union of families and villages having for its end a perfect and self-sufficient life."

Q8. What is relationship between Civics and Economics ?

Ans 1: In modern times, Civics and Economics has developed a strong relationship. For instance poverty and prosperity affect the life of a citizen. Human welfare is the common objective of both the sciences. Economics teaches a person to earn wealth while Civics creates consciousness of its proper utilization.

Q9. What is dictatorship ?

Ans 1: Dictatorship is that form of government in which all powers of the state are in the hands of one person. He is the source of all powers and laws. He exercises his unlimited powers, without any restraint. The dictator is not accountable to anyone for his function, and the period of his rule is not prescribed.

Q10. What is civic sense ?

Ans 1: It means that people should be conscious of their obligations and responsibilities which may develop a beautiful and healthy society.

Q11. What is joint family ?

Ans 1: Two families who live together are called joint family. Grandfather, uncle, aunt all are included in it. This family system is mostly found in Eastern countries.

Q12. What is Patriarchal family ?

Ans 1: In this type of family, man enjoys pivotal position and importance. Lineage is ascribed to male. Father is the head of the family and his responsible for economic assistance.

Q13. What is Judicial review ?

Ans 1: In federal states, Judiciary plays the role of the guardian of the constitution. In some countries, the highest court has the power or declare its laws unconstitutional and repeal them provided they contravene the provision of the constitution of the country. It is called judicial review.

Q14. What is society ?

Ans 1: Society is a group or assembly of companions. When we talk of society, we presume that all forms of human relationships such as educational, literary, civilizational, cultural, moral spiritual, political, social, organized and disorganized activities, love and here are included in the sense of society.

Q15. What is citizenship ?

Ans 1: Citizenship of a citizen is the name of the membership of a state. Citizenship is a status of a citizen due to which he enjoys economic, social and political privileges and rights; and in return he performs his duties and obligations.

Q16. What is rural community ?

Ans 1: Rural community lives in a town or a village. People are known to one another due to low density of population. From educational viewpoint, rural community is backward. There is a shortage of necessities of life.

Q17. Write the definition of Civics by E.J. Gould ?

Ans 1: "The study of institutions, habits, activities and spirit by which a man or a woman may fulfil the duty and receive the benefits of membership in a political community".

Q18. What is Judiciary ?

Ans 1: Judiciary is third important organ of the government. In a civilized and democratic country, judiciary is independent and autonomous. It is not under the influence of Legislature or Executive.

Q19. What is urban community ?

Ans 1: Urban community is very big and people themselves do not know one another to some extent. Facilities are in abundance and people are mostly educated. But there is a lack of sincerity and love in them. They give more importance to pomp and show.

Q20. Define Civics ?

Ans 1: The science that studies different political, social, economic, rights and duties is called civics.
