

# Civics (E.M) - 10th Class Civics Short Questions English Medium

Q1. What are rights ?
Ans 1: Rights are those demands for the welfare of the people which are fulfilled and recognized by the government.
Q2. What do you know about district government ?
<b>Ans 1:</b> District government comprises Nazim, Naib Nazim, District Council and District Administration, which is headed by Nazim. DCO assists the Nazim. The Nazim makes it sure that the district administration is working properly.
Q3. What do you know about Union Government ?
<b>Ans 1:</b> The Union Government comprises Nazim, Naib Nazim, Union Council and government. The distinction between the rural and urban has been abolished and union government has been established consisting of a certain population and area.
Q4. What is national integration ?
<b>Ans 1:</b> National integration means to integrate all the social and political group of a society to form a nation. The national integration and prosperity of any country is not possible without unity and cohesion.
Q5. What do you know about Pak-India Relations?
Ans 1: The relations between Pakistan and India could not be developed on better lines from the inception of Pakistan. Kashmir is a dispute between both the countries and three wars 1948, 1965 and 1971 have fought on the dispute of Kashmir. From the very emergency of Pakistan, India created many problems for Pakistan.
Q6. What do you know about Muslim League ?
<b>Ans 1:</b> All India Muslim League was established on 1906 at Dhaka where the annual session of Muhammadan Educational Conference was held. Muslim League looked after the political interests of the Muslims.
Q7. What is an ideology ?
Ans 1: Ideology is a different form of those comprehensive patterns of moral beliefs about man, society and the universe in relation to man and society.
Q8. Write down any three Islamic provisions of 1973 Constitutions ?

- Ans 1: i. The country has been named as "Islamic Republic of Pakistan".
- ii. Islam shall be the religion of the state.
- iii. The Government shall take necessary measures to introduce the teachings of Holy Quran and Sunnah.

### Q9. What do you know about Pak-China Relations?

**Ans 1:** Pakistan China re neighboring countires. They have common boundary of about 600 Km long. Their bilateral relations depend upon the glorious traditions and close friendship. Pakistan recognized China on its birth in October 1949 and developed good relation with it.

#### Q10. What do you know about Pak-Iran Relations?

**Ans 1:** We have close religious, cultural and trade relations with Iran since long. Iran was the country that recognized Pakistan on its emergence and ambassadors were exchanged. The Prime Minister of Pakistan visited Iran in 1949 and in response to this visit, the Shah of Iran also visited Pakistan in 1950, and trade relations were established.

#### Q11. What do you know about Pak-Afghan Relations?

**Ans 1:** Afghanistan is a neighboring country of Pakistan. Durand line divides the borders of Pakistan and Afghanistan, which is about 2252 Km long. Both countries are connected through hilly passes. The relations between the two countries are friendly, and there is a hope of starting new era of relationships.

#### Q12. What are moral rights?

**Ans 1:** The moral rights are based on the moral values of the society. The types of moral values available in society, assure moral rights of the people. For example, the rights of parents, the rights of husband and wife etc. The law does not come into operation by itself, if these rights are not fulfilled.

# Q13. Write Prof. Lasky's definition of rights.

Ans 1: "Rights are those requisites of social life without which no man can accomplish his personality."

#### Q14. Write any three provisions of 1956 Constitution.

Ans 1: i. the name of the country was to be the 'Islamic Republic of Pakistan'.

- ii. Both Urdu and Bengali were to be the national languages.
- iii. The non-Muslim minorities were guaranteed to have full rights of citizenship and they were assured of full protection.

## Q15. Write two objectives of Muslims League?

**Ans 1:** 1. To create an understanding between the government and the Indian Muslims, and to promote the feelings of loyalty among them.

2. To coordinate with other nations and political parties for general welfare of the people.

**Ans 1:** Duty is that responsibility which a person imposes upon himself for the welfare and pleasure of other, and avoids to do the harmful ones.

## Q17. Write two points from the fourteen points of Quaid-e-Azam?

- Ans 1: 1. The form of future constitution should be federal with the residuary powers rested in the provinces.
- 2. A uniform measure of autonomy shall be granted to all provinces.

#### Q18. What do you know about District Nazim?

**Ans 1:** District Nazim is the head of District Government and provides political leadership. He gets implemented the development plants, which are approved by the District Council. He maintains law and order in the distinct. He presents the budget in the District Council

## Q19. Write an two points of 3rd June Plan 1947?

- **Ans 1:** i. A commission for each of the two provinces was to be set up by the Governor General to demarcate the boundaries of the two parts of Punjab and Bengal.
- ii. A referendum was also to be held in the district of Slhet to the partition of Bengal. The people of sylkht would like to be amalgamated with the Muslims part of Bengal.

#### Q20. Write Holland's definition of rights.

**Ans 1:** "Right is that faculty of a person, which is affected by the force, or opinion of a society instead of his personal acts, or power."