

Biology (New Book) - 9th Class Biology Urdu Medium Chapter 7 Preparation

Q1. Which protein digesting enzyme functions in acidic medium?

Ans 1: Pepsin is a protein digesting enzyme which functions in acidic medium.

Q2. How does pH affect enzyme activity.

Ans 1: Enzymes are sensitive to hydrogen ion concentration of the fluid in which they work. They show maximum activity at a specific pH, called their optimum pH.

Q3. Define an enzyme. What is its role in metabolism.

Ans 1: Define: Enzymes are biological catalysts that speed up chemical reactions in living organisms without being consumed in the process. They are primarily proteins and highly specific to their substrates.

Ans 2: Role: Enzymes play an important role in controlling cellular metabolism. An enzyme functions by lowering the activation energy of a chemical reaction inside the cells. Activation energy is the minimum amount of energy needed to form or break chemical bonds and convert reactants to products.

Q4. Which type of enzyme inhibitors inhibit the enzymes without attaching to the active site.

Ans 1: Non-competitive inhibitors do not attach to the active site of an enzyme. Rather, they attach to some other location of the enzyme.

Q5. Difference between Catalyst and enzyme.

Ans 1: Catalyst:
Catalyst is a substance that increases the rate of a chemical reaction without itself undergoing any permanent chemical change.

Ans 2: Enzyme:
Enzymes are proteins that speed up biochemical reactions and are not changed during the reaction.

Q6. What do you mean by saturation of active sites.

Ans 1: When all the active sites of the enzymes are occupied and adding more substrate molecules do not find free active sites, this state is called saturation of active sites and the reaction rate does not increase.

Q7. What do you mean by Optimum pH.

Ans 1: Optimum pH is a measure of how acidic or basic a substance or solution is . It is measured on pH scale of 0 to 14 with 7 being neutral.

Enzymes show maximum activity at a specific pH. called their optimum pH

Q8. What do you mean by Optimum Temperature

Ans 1: Optimum temperature:

Each enzyme works at maximum rate at a specific temperature called optimum temperature. The optimum temperature for most of human enzyme is 37 °C

Q9. Provide an example of a specific enzyme substrate pair.

Ans 1: The enzyme protease will not work on starch which is broken down by an enzyme amylase.

Q10. Define co-factors. Give two examples.

Ans 1: Some enzymes require non-Protein molecules or ions to work, these molecules or ions are called cofactors. Co factors can either be inorganic e.g metal ions or organic e.g. Flavin and haem.
