

Pakistan Studies. - 10th Pak Studies English Medium Chapter 3 Short Questions

Q1. Which are the major areas of Wheat growing crop.

Ans 1: i- Punjab Province: Major wheat growing areas of Pakistan are Multan, Khanewal, Sahiwal, Vehari, Faisalabad, Toba Tek Singh, Sargodha, Jhang, Bahawalpur and Dera Ghazi Khan Punjab Province.

Ans 2: ii- Sindh Province: Major wheat growing areas of Pakistan are Sukkur, Hyderabad Nawab Shah and Khairpur Sindh province.

Ans 3: iii- Khyber Province: Major wheat growing areas of Pakistan are Dera Ismael Khan, Peshawar, Charsada and Mardan.

Ans 4: iv- Baluchistan Province: Nasirabad, Khuzar, Loralai and Qalat fall in wheat growing areas of the country.

Q2. Write the name of Large Scale Industries.

Ans 1: Large Scale Industries are the entities with large size and bigger investment. These include Textile, Pharmaceuticals, cement, cigarette, air conditioners, buses, cars, petroleum and related products, automobile, chemical fertilizers, mobile phones and motorcycle manufacturing, TV, cooking oil and sugar etc.

Q3. Which are the major areas of Cotton growing crop.

Ans 1: i- Area of Central and South Punjab: The crop is sown in irrigated areas of Punjab and Sindh. In central Punjab, Cotton is popular crop.

Ans 2: ii- Sindh Province: the district of Hyderabad, Badin, Sukkar, Thatha, Nawab Shah, Nowshero Feroze, Ghotki and Thar Parkar play an important role in cotton production.

Ans 3: iii- Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Province: In Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, cotton crop cultivation is very limited, Bannu and Dera Ismail Khan Area play an important role in Cotton production.

Ans 4: iv- Baluchistan Province: In Baluchistan, cotton crop cultivation is very limited. While in Baluchistan, cotton is cultivated in the areas of Jaffarabad, Nasirabad and some areas of Kalat Division.

Q4. What do you know about cottage industry.

Ans 1: Cottage industry or Domestic industry refers to an industry that is commonly a family-run business. It involves cooperation of the people at home, little investment and labor. Use machines are very limited and only hand machines are used when essential. The organizers make purchase of raw material required for this industry. Marketing of the products also lies with the owner.

Q5. What do you mean by Gross National Product.

Ans 1: Gross National product is the sum of goods and services produced in an economy over a period of time A specific period usually means one year.

Q6. What is the main reason for the decrease of foreign investment in Pakistan.

Ans 1: i- Terrorism ii- Lack of consistency in governmental policy.

Ans 2: iii- Problems of load shedding. iv- Over population

Ans 3: v- Uncertainty

Q7. Discuss uses of Gypsum and where its deposits are found.

Ans 1: Uses: It is a very useful and beneficial stone that is used in both industry and agriculture. In agriculture, it is used as treatment of salinity and water logging. It is also used in the chemical fertilizers. Cement, paper and paints industries.

Ans 2: ii- Gypsum Deposits in Punjab Province: Pink and white gypsum is found in Dera Ghazi Khan, Mianwali, and Jhelum in Punjab province.

Ans 3: iii- Gypsum Deposits in Sindh: Gypsum deposits are found in Dadu and Sanghar

Ans 4: iv - Gypsum Deposits in Baluchistan: Gypsum deposits are found in Quetta and Sibi

Ans 5: Gypsum Deposits in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa: Gypsum deposits are also found in Kohat

Q8. Which important rivers of Gilgit-Baltistan

Ans 1: Shinkai, Gilgit, Astor, Hunza and Sugar etc. are the main rivers of Gilgit Baltistan.

Q9. Define Small Industry.

Ans 1: It refers to the industry for which heavy machinery is not required and used.

Q10. What do you know about Panjnad.

Ans 1: Five rivers namely Sutlej, Beas, Ravi, Chenab and Jhelum merge at Panjnad and take form of Panjnad Panjnad Canal and abbasia canal taken out from Panjnad Barrage. These canals irrigate Southern Punjab joins the Indus River at Kot Mithan
