

Pakistan Studies. - 10th Pak Studies English Medium Chapter 1 Short Questions

Q1. Discuss Agricultural Reforms during Muhammad Nawaz Sharif Government.

Ans 1: Agricultural Reforms: Government announced her agricultural policy in 1991. A development package of 100 million rupees was announced by the Government. Many concessions were offered on the import of agriculture related items. Hundreds of thousand land was distributes among the tenants. Many landless tenants were made owners of land especially in Sindh

Q2. Discuss industrial reforms during Muhammad Nawaz Sharif Government.

Ans 1: Industrial Reforms: National industrial policy was announced in 1990. The policy concentrated on incentives, concessions and greater role of Private sector in. 1991 Privatization commission was set up. main task of this commission was to privatize economic units running in loss.

Q3. Discuss social Reforms during Zulfikar Ali Bhutto's Government.

Ans 1: Social Reforms: People's Party did show its concern regarding low living standards of masses and gap between rich and the poor segments of society in this area sincere and practical steps were taken. Mr. Bhutto made use of his speaking skills to bring the feelings of restlessness and humility to their end. He introduced five Marla housing scheme for the houseless people. Export of manpower started in this period and hundreds of thousands unemployed youth went to Middle East. Many steps were taken to uplift conditions of women in the country. Government introduced many programmes to improve the quality of life in rural areas. Electricity was provided to hundreds of villages.

Q4. Discuss Industrial Reforms during Imran Khan's Government.

Ans 1: The government promptly took steps to accelerate industrial growth in Pakistan as energy issues have been nearly overtaken. Khan's government started renegotiations with the power supplying companies to reduce energy prices.

Q5. In the History of Pakistan which person enjoyed longest term as prime minister.

Ans 1: Longest term as Prime Minister Mr. Yousaf Raza Gillani enjoyed longest term Prime Minister of Pakistan.

Q6. Discuss Administrative Reforms during Zulfikar Ali Bhutto's government.

Ans 1: Administrative Reforms: It was grand design of Zulfikar Ali Bhutto to develop strong and vast relationship with the world. He wanted a prominent position for Pakistan in the community of nations. For this purpose he toured Afghanistan, China and Russia. He concluded Shimla agreement with India. As a result of this agreement prisoners of war of 1971 in India returned home. Bhutto's government introduced large scale reforms in civil service and police disciplines. He successfully set stage for summit of Islamic countries in Lahore in 1974. He rendered valuable services for the unification of Ummah. He introduced the system of national identity card in the country.

Q7. What is significance of Motorway.

Ans 1: Significance of motorway: The Lahore -Islamabad motorway, one of the longest motorways of South Asia., was a great achievement of Mian Muhammad Nawaz Sharif . It was planned in his first time, but was completed in his second term. Mian Muhammad Nawaz Sharif himself inaugurated the Motorway in 1998, now-a days people feel necessary to travel on motor way. More motor way have been constructed

Ans 2:

Q8. Discuss Health Reforms during Imran Khan's Government.

Ans 1: The Sehat insaf cards was issued under the Sehat Sahulat program for the treatment of the people under which the poor and needy people was provided the facility of treatment in the hospitals. Millions of families benefited from this programme

Q9. Discuss economic Reforms during Zulfikar Ali Bhutto's Government.

Ans 1: Economic Reforms: Zulfikar Ali Bhutto took many steps for the renewal of Pakistan's economy. these include nationalization of industries, banks and labour party. They party popularized 'Roti, Kapra and Makan' slogan during election campaign. this party gave socialism philosophy a prime importance. Pakistan People's Party focused on the slogans like " Islam hamara din hai and socialism is our economy" . Bhutto government did a lot to spread road network in the country. Public sector transport was launched to compete with the private sector transport. Steps were taken to make the railway journey comfortable.

Q10. Discuss Social Reforms during Zia-ul-Haq Government.

Ans 1: Social Reforms ; During his reign (1977-1980) Zia government did many things to promote Islamic way of life in the society. Objective resolution which has been a part of preamble of 1956 and 1962 constitutions was made an operational part of 1973 constitution. Sharia courts were set up in the country. a programme to replace un-Islamic law with Islamic law was started. All the matters of stealing, drinking , alcohol rape and other crimes would be dealt with under Sharia law. President issued orders in respect of controlling drugs. Many measures were taken to regulate and promote prayers in brief government did a lot to generate Islamic atmosphere in the society.
