## Statistics Ics Part 1 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The difference between largest and smallest observation is called	A. Interval B. Class interval C. Range D. Difference
2	The probability of an event connot be.	A. = 0 B. > 0 C. =1 D. < 0
3	Var (B/aX) =?	A. 1/aVar(X) B. b <sup>2</sup> /a <sup>2</sup> Var(X) C. b <sup>2</sup> /a Var(X) D. None of these
4	The probability of failure is equal to.	A. p B. 1 - q C. P - 1 D. 1 - P
5	The sum of the deviation form mean of a set of an value is	A. least B. 0 C. positive D. None of these
6	Base yar weighted index number are.	A. Laspeyre's B. Paasche's C. Fisher's D. C.P.I
7	If we do not replace the draw cards back into the pack before the next draw, the used probability distribution will be:	A. Binomial B. Hypergeometric C. Both binomial & D. Romer, & D. None of these
8	Tabulation means, the process of arranging the date into.	A. Different classes B. Rows C. Columns D. Rows & D. Rows & Amp; columns
9	The secton of table that contains the column caption is called.	A. Stub B. Body C. Box plot D. Box head
10	In a symmetrical distribution, the coefficient of skewness will always be.	A. Negative B. zero C. 1 D1
11	For an open and distribution, without assuming certain limits it is not possible to find:	A. A.M B. G.M C. Median D. Boat A and B
12	When x denotes the number of success in binomial experiment it is called.	A. Random variable B. Binomial random variable C. Continuous random variable D. Both (B) and (C) but not (A)
13	A chart in which total magnitude and its compnents are compared is called a	A. Component bar chart B. Pie chart C. Percentage compoent bar chart D. All of these
14	When X denotes the number of success in binomial experiment, it is called.	A. Random variable B. Binomial random variable C. Continuous random variable D. Both (B) and (C) but not (A)
15	In the plural sense, statistion mean.	A. Methods B. Numerical data C. Sample values

		D. Population values
6	The index number are generally classified into types.	A. Two B. Four C. Five D. Three
7	In the price relative, the given year price is divided by the	A. Base year price B. Current year price C. Previous year price D. None of these
8	$\beta_1$ is a quantity	A. Dimensional B. Dimension less C. Positive D. Negative
9	For Laptokurtic distribution.	A. b2 > 3 B. b2 < 3 C. b2 = 3 D. b1 > 3
)	If E a and impossible event, then P(E) is.	A. 0 B. 0.5 C. 1 D. Impossible