

## PPSC Physics Mcq's For Full Book

| Sr | Questions   | Answers Choice   |
|----|---|--|
| 1  | Michelson's interferometer can be used to measure.  | A. Wavelength of light<br>B. Intensity of light<br>C. Amplitude of disturbances<br>D. Frequency of light                                     |
| 2  | How are the electrons produced in a cathode ray tube.   | A. By applying an electric field to the x plates<br>B. By heating a metal filament<br>C. By ionization of the air<br>D. By radioactive decay |
| 3  | Thermocouple is combination of.   | A. Thermocouples<br>B. Capacitors in parallel<br>C. Resistors in series<br>D. Ammeter and voltmeter  |
| 4  | A converging mirror with a radius of 20 cm creates a real image 30 cm from the mirror What is the object distance.  | A. -5.0 cm<br>B. -7.5 cm<br>C. -15 cm<br>D. -20 cm   |
| 5  | To get large magnifying power of an astronomical telescope. we should have focal length of eye lens.  | A. Small<br>B. Large<br>C. Of any value<br>D. Infinity   |
| 6  | The total energy of an electron in an orbit around the nucleus is.  | A. Zero<br>B. Unity<br>C. Infinity<br>D. Negative  |
| 7  | Which quantity decay exponentially when a capacitors is discharged.   | A. Charge only<br>B. Charge and voltage only<br>C. Charge and current only<br>D. Charge voltage and current                                  |
| 8  | In a stationary wave the particle velocity at the node is   | A. Zero<br>B. Constant<br>C. Minimum<br>D. Maximum   |
| 9  | A body of mass 1 kg hanging with a spring of spring constant 60 N m <sup>-1</sup> is rotation in a horizontal circle The values of angular frequency will be. | A. 80 .94 Hz<br>B. 89. 4 Hz<br>C. 98. 4 Hz<br>D. 108 . 6 Hz  |
| 10 | The equal and opposite forces acting on a body form   | A. Angular momentum<br>B. Linear momentum<br>C. Torque<br>D. Couple  |
| 11 | An object is -14 cm in front of a convex mirror The image 5.8 cm behind the mirror. What is the focal length of the mirror.                                   | A. -4.1 cm<br>B. -8.2 cm<br>C. - 9.9 cm<br>D. -20 cm   |
| 12 | Which is the heat transfer mode between an object and its environment due to circular fluid motion.   | A. Conduction<br>B. Convection<br>C. Radiation<br>D. Mass transfer   |
| 13 | A complete amplifier circuit made on a silicon chip and enclosed in a small capsule is  | A. Inductor<br>B. Metal detector<br>C. Diode<br>D. Operational amplifier   |
| 14 | The volume of a gas at constant pressure is directly proportional to the temperature as measured on the.  | A. Celsius scale<br>B. Kelvin scale<br>C. Fahrenheit scale<br>D. Baume scale   |
| 15 | What is the energy equivalent to 1 amu in MeV   | A. 0.931 MeV<br>B. 9.31 MeV<br>C. 93.1 MeV   |

---

|    |  |   |
|----|--|---|
| 16 | On what factor the internal energy of a thermodynamic system depend upon.                              | A. History<br>B. State<br>C. Process<br>D. Surroundings   |
| 17 | Which two terminal passive electronic component implements electrical resistance as a circuit element. | A. Capacitor<br>B. Inductor<br>C. Resistor<br>D. Transformer  |
| 18 | The total energy of a body executing SHM is directly proportional to                                   | A. The amplitude<br>B. The square of the amplitude<br>C. Square root of the amplitude<br>D. Reciprocal of the amplitude |
| 19 | Who studied freely falling bodies using modern scientific method.                                      | A. Galileo<br>B. Issac newton<br>C. Albert Einstein<br>D. Alkundi   |
| 20 | The thermal inertia of a thermodynamic system is known as its.   | A. Entropy<br>B. Enthalpy<br>C. Isothermal conduction<br>D. Adiabatic conduction  |

---