

PPSC Economics Full Book MCQ Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The search for answers to research questions is called collection of	A. Facts B. Evidences C. Data D. Reasons
2	Rorschach test comes under visual projective.	A. method B. research C. techniques D. Audio
3	Objectivity means basing conclusions on facts without any bias and.	A. Pilot study B. Paradigm C. Value judgment D. Concept
4	A set of systematically related propositions specifying causal relationships among variables.	A. Research B. Concept C. Theory D. Hypothesis
5	Research is an organized	A. Enquiry B. Survey C. Investigation D. Experiment
6	Scientific method in the application of valid and reliable research methods.	A. Experimental B. Survey C. Methods D. Enquiry
7	A concept which can take on different quantitative values is called a.	A. Variables B. Control groups C. Values D. paradigm
8	Research design as the conceptual structure with in which the research is.	A. Judgment B. Design C. Survey D. Conducted
9	Sample implies	A. Survey representation of larger whole B. Smaller representation of larger whole C. Population representation of a larger whole D. Census representation of a larger whole
10	It is a verbal method of searing data in the field surveys.	A. Interview B. Questinaire method C. Participant observation D. Projective technique
11	It takes place with persons known to have been involved in particular concrete situations.	A. Personal interview B. Depth interview C. Focused interview D. Repeated interview
12	It is the collection of data concerning the living and working conditionals of the people in a given community	A. Samplin g B. Case study C. Social survey D. Data collection
13	Information collected by the researcher for the purposes of the project immediately	A. Secondary data B. Qualitative data C. Primary data D. Quantitative data
14	A proposition which can be putto test to determine validity	A. Hypothesis B. Operational definition C. Data collection tool D. Research design

15	Censuses are the most complete type of.	A. Social survey B. Survey C. Sampling D. Data collection
16	It is quantity that expresses a quantity in numbers to allow in numbers to allow more precise measurement.	A. Variable B. Concept C. Attribute D. Definition
17	Qualitative research focuses primarily on the meaning of.	A. Subjective attributes of individuals or groups B. Objective attributes of individuals or groups C. Facts of individuals or groups D. Descriptive attributes of individuals or groups
18	Information that is represented usually as words, not numbers.	A. Qualitative data B. Quantitative data C. Primary data D. Scientific data
19	A meeting of persons face to face especially for the purpose of formal conference on some point	A. Interview B. Participant observation C. Observation D. Projective techniques survey
20	Local correspondent's method can be applied only where a high degree of precision is not.	A. Case B. Necessary C. Interview D. Valid
21	Control is the essential ingredient of	A. Descriptive method B. Diagnostic method C. Explorative method D. Experimental method
22	Research is directed towards the solution of immediate, specific and practical problem is called.	A. Basic B. Applied C. Diagnostic D. Descriptive
23	Research is directed towards the solution of a	A. Problem B. Hypothesis C. data D. Survey
24	Data that are verbal or other symbolic materials.	A. Quantitative B. Qualitative C. Primary D. Secondary
25	Which refers to any collection of specified group of human beings.	A. Sampling B. Random sampling C. Non probability sampling D. Population
26	What refers to any collection of specified group of human beings	A. Sampling B. Random sampling C. Non probability sampling D. Population
27	Which refers to a scale with a set of points which describes varying degrees of the dimensions of an attribute observed.	A. Rating scale B. Score card C. Check list D. Observation
28	The open type of questionnaire calls for a free response in the respondent's	A. Own words B. Observation C. Facts D. Data
29	It enables the researcher to acquaint himself with current knowledge in the field in which he is going to conduct his research.	A. Social survey B. Research proposal C. Review of literature D. Research design
30	It enables the researcher to relate logically known facts to intelligent guesses about unknown conditions.	A. Research design B. Hypothesis C. Pre-Test D. Pilot study