

## PPSC Economics Topic 12 Statistics In Economics

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	"More reliable results can be obtained through sampling method" because.	A. Statistical error is low B. Saves time C. Cost is low D. None of the above
2	Chose the advantage of snowball sampling from the following.	A. population of not seen B. Total size of population is not known C. researcher's acquaintance influence the research D. Contradicts with conventional nations.
3	Which characteristic of the following is not belonging to statistics as a method.	A. A tool of analysis B. Helps processing the raw C. Descriptive nature D. Processing done by systematic analysis and interpretation
4	Skewness refers to.	A. Symmetry B. Asymmetry C. Flatness D. Variance
5	Academic community is otherwise called.	A. General public B. Target audience C. Participant audience D. Scientific community
6	The recording of the data is done on the basis of the scheme.	A. coding B. Tabulation C. Classification D. Analysis
7	A single value that represent the average characteristics of its frequency distribution.	A. quarterlies B. Grouped data C. Central tendency D. Range
8	If the same amount is added to or subtracted from all the values, standard deviation shall be.	A. Changed B. Unchanged C. Both D. None
9	To study the variation in the production of rice over a number of years, select from the following, the appropriate sample for drawing results that reflects only small variations.	A. Collect data from some states B. Collect data from all the states C. Collect data from one or two states D. Collect data from more than half the number of states.
10	For a positively skewed distribution.	A. mean > mode > median B. mean > median > mode C. mode > mean > median D. mean < mode < median
11	What are the two broad functions of statistical methods in social research.	A. Description and summarizing B. Description and indication C. Description and induction D. Applied Mathematics and induction
12	Non proportional random sampling is a sub type of.	A. Unrestricted random sampling B. Simple Random sampling C. Stratified Random sampling D. Cluster Random sampling
13	The term skewness refers to.	A. Bulginess B. Lack of symmetry C. symmetrical D. Normal
14	Statistics is one of those science which are only indicative of a trend, therefore	A. It is probabilistic than deterministic B. It is deterministic than probabilistic C. a definite data collection method D. .

		is unnecessary D. Data sources should be clear
15	National sample survey scheme is an example for	A. Government policy B. Planning C. Population analysis D. Business
16	Gender is categorized as	A. Nominal data B. Ordinal data C. Interval data D. Ratio data
17	As a plural noun, who defined statistics very adequately and realistically	A. Webster B. Bowley C. A.M. Tuttle D. Prof. H. secrist
18	The most frequently occurring score in distribution.	A. Mean B. Mode C. Median D. Quartile
19	Which of the following is not an example of the functions of statistic.	A. Average B. Intelligence quotient C. Diagram D. $\chi^2$ test
20	It provides systematic knowledge on problem and issues analyzed.	A. Research report B. Research proposal C. Research abstract D. Research design