

PPSC Chemistry Part III Inorganic Chemistry Online Test

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
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| 1 | The _____ sphere is enclosed in brackets in formulas for complex species, and it includes the central metal ion plus the coordinated group | A. Ligand B. Donor C. Coordination D. Oxiation |
| 2 | The number of electrons involved in bonding in Lewis structure of oxalate ion is | A. 20 B. 14 C. 22 D. 18 |
| 3 | Which is incorrect statement for Xe F ₂ . | A. It has linear structure. B. It is hydrolyzed rapidly in aqueous solution of a base C. It oxidizes Cl and I to Cl ₂ and I ₂ respectively D. It cannot act as F donor |
| 4 | The oxidation state of Pt in Xe+ [Pt F ₆] is | A. +4 B. +5 C. +6 D. None of these |
| 5 | Aluminium reacts with boiling water to liberated hydrogen gas along with the formation of. | A. Aluminium oxide B. Aluminium hydroxide C. Aluminium suboxide D. Aluminium superoxide |
| 6 | The process requirieng the absorption of energy of. | A. F = F B. Cl = Cl C. H = H D. O = O |
| 7 | Which of the following metals form volatile carbonyl with CO below 80 °C | A. Cu B. Fe C. CO D. Ni |
| 8 | The formula of copper pyrite is. | A. CuFeS B. CuFeS ₂ C. Cu ₂ FEs D. Cu Fe ₂ S |
| 9 | The noble gases are found in the atmosphere to the extent of about some percent by volume. | A. 0.5% B. 1.0% C. 1.5% D. 2.0% |
| 10 | Carbon tetra chloried has no net dipole moment because of. | A. Its planar strcture. B. Its regular tetrahedral structures. C. Similar sizes of carbon and chlorine atoms D. Similar electron affinities of carbon and chlorine. |
| 11 | Stainless steel contains. | A. Fe + Cr+ Ni B. Fe + Ni + Cu C. Fe + Cr+ Cu D. Cu + C + Ni |
| 12 | Which of the following is not an ore of nickel. | A. Pentalandite B. Siderite C. Garnierite D. Nicollite |
| 13 | Which element among the following cannot exhibit variable electronvalency | A. ^{29}Cu B. ^{50}Sn C. ^{25}Mn D. ^{38}Sr |
| 14 | Hybridization involves. | A. Orbitals of same atom with slightly different energies. B. Orbitals of different atoms, but with equal energies. C. Orbitals of the same atom but with |

widely different energies.
D. Orbitals of different atoms with different energies.

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| 15 | PCl ₅ is an example of hybridization | A. $d\ sp^3$ B. $d^2\ sp^2$ C. sp^2 D. sp^3 |
| 16 | Which of the following is the weakest base. | A. KOH B. NaOH C. LiOH D. RbOH |
| 17 | The state of hybridization of carbon in CO ₂ is | A. sp^2 B. sp C. sp^3 D. dsp^2 |
| 18 | Among the elements A, B, C and D having atomic numbers 7, 8, 9 AND 12 Respectively, the element with smallest size and highest IE is. | A. A B. B C. C D. D |
| 19 | Anhydrous AlCl ₃ cannot be obtained by heating hydrated AlCl ₃ · 6H ₂ O Because. | A. It decomposes completely to give Al ₂ O ₃ B. It does not lose water completely C. It undergoes hydrolysis to give Al(OH) ₃ D. AlCl ₃ · 6H ₂ O is very stable. |
| 20 | Which of the following statement is not true for carbon. | A. It forms compounds with multiple bonds B. Its ionization energy is very high C. It undergoes catenation D. It shows inert pair effect |