

Physics General Science Test Hard Mode

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	A particle moving in a magnetic field has increase in its velocity then its radius of the circle	A. Decreases B. Increases C. Remains the same D. Becomes half
2	The velocity of falling raindrops attains limited value because of	A. Up thrust of air B. Viscous force exerted by air C. Surface tension effect D. Air currents atmosphere
3	A force of 10N is acting along y-axis its component along x-axis is	A. 10N B. 20N C. 100N D. Zero N
4	In an ac circuit with voltage V and current I the power dissipated is	A. VI B. $\frac{1}{2} VI$ C. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} VI$ D. Depends on the phase between V and I
5	If the amplitude of sound is doubled and the frequency reduced to one-fourth the intensity of sound at the same point will be	A. Increasing by a factor of 2 B. Decreasing by a factor of 2 C. Decreasing by a factor of 4 D. Unchanged
6	In LCR series AC circuit the phase angle between current and voltage is	A. Any angle between 0 and $\pm\pi/2$ B. $\pi/2$ C. π D. Any angle between 0 and $\pi/2$
7	When sound waves travel from air to water which of these remains constant?	A. Velocity B. Frequency C. Wavelength D. All the above
8	A photocell with a constant p.d of V volt across it illuminated by a point source from a distance of 25 cm. When the source is moved to a distance of 1 m, the electrons emitted by the photocell	A. Carry 1/4th their previous energy B. Are 1/6th as numerous as before C. Are 1/4th as numerous as before D. Carry 1/4th their previous momentum
9	The twinkling of stars is due to	A. The fact that stars do not emit light continuously B. The refractive index of the earth's atmosphere fluctuate C. Intermittent absorption of star light by its own atmosphere D. None of them
10	The smooth or steady stream-line flow is know as	A. Laminar flow B. Turbulent flow C. Both a and b D. None of the above
11	A sun rise or sun set, the sun looks reddish because.	A. The sun is coldest at these times B. Of the effects of reflection and refraction C. The sun is hottest at these times D. Of the scattering of light
12	The temperature at which the speed of sound becomes double as was at 27°C is	A. 273°C B. 0°C C. 927°C D. 1027°C
13	When we apply reverse bias to a junction diode it	A. Lowers the potential barrier B. Raises the potential barrier C. Increase the majority carrier current D. Decrease the majority carrier current
		A. Mass

14	Bernoulli's equation is based upon law of conservation	B. Momentum C. Energy D. None of these
15	A capacitor acts as an infinite resistance for	A. AC B. DC C. Both AC and DC
16	If 2.2 kilowatt power is transmitted through a 10 ohm line at 22000 volt, the power loss in the form of heat will be	A. 0.1 watt B. 1 watt C. 10 watt D. 100 watt
17	There are discrete energy levels in atoms. It was first experimentally demonstrated by	A. Rutherford's experiment B. Frank Hertz experiment C. Marsden's experiment D. Sommerfeld experiment
18	Ultra-violet radiation of 6.2 eV falls on an aluminium surface K.E of fastest electrons emitted is (work function = 4.2 eV)	A. 3.2×10^{-21} J B. 3.2×10^{-19} J C. 7×10^{-25} J D. 9×10^{-32} J
19	If the earth were to rotate faster than its present speed the weight of an object will	A. Increase at the equator but remain unchanged at the poles B. Decrease at the equator but remain unchanged at the poles C. Remain unchanged at the equator but decrease at the poles D. Remain unchanged at the equator but increase at the poles
20	The structure of solids is investigated by using	A. Cosmic Rays B. X-rays C. Infra red Radiation D. γ -rays