

## 9th Class Physics English Medium Online Test For Full Book

| Sr | Questions  | Answers Choice  |
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| 1  | The magnitude of momentum of an object is doubled. the kinetic energy of the object will   | A. Double<br>B. Increase to four times<br>C. Reduce to one half<br>D. Remain the same   |
| 2  | The energy possessed by a body by virtue of its position is.   | A. Solar energy<br>B. Chemical energy<br>C. Potential energy<br>D. Kinetic energy   |
| 3  | Micro meter can be used to measure.  | A. Current<br>B. Length<br>C. Force<br>D. Mass  |
| 4  | Which of the following material is ferromagnetic   | A. Nickel<br>B. Copper<br>C. Alluminum<br>D. Silver   |
| 5  | The most elastic material of the following is.   | A. Rubber<br>B. Steel<br>C. Wood<br>D. Glass  |
| 6  | The power of a waer pump is 2 kW. The amoun of water it can raise in one minute to a height of 5 meter is                        | A. 2400 litres<br>B. 1000 litres<br>C. 1200 litres<br>D. 2000 litres  |
| 7  | How many phases of mater are there.  | A. 2<br>B. 1<br>C. 3<br>D. 4  |
| 8  | The pressrue at any point in a liquid is proportional to.  | A. Density of liquid<br>B. Depth of the point below the surface of the liquid<br>C. Acceleration due to gravity<br>D. All of the above  |
| 9  | The statemetn "If I do not study for this test, then I will not get good grade" is an example of.                                | A. Prediction<br>B. Law<br>C. Theory<br>D. Observation  |
| 10 | A ball with initial momentum p its a solid wall and bounces back with the same velocity. Its momentum p after collision will be. | A. $P' = p$<br>B. $P' = - P$<br>C. $P' = 2P$<br>D. $P' = -2P$   |
| 11 | Which will exert greater pressure.   | A. 3 g needle of tip are 1 mm <sup>2</sup><br>B. 4000 kg elephatn of total feed area 0.5 m <sup>2</sup><br>C. A girl of mass 40 kg wearing high heel shoes of cross sctional area 0.5 cm <sup>2</sup><br>D. A loaded ship fo mass 2.2 x10 <sup>7</sup> kg having area 600 mm <sup>2</sup> |
| 12 | Conservation of Linear momentum is equivalent to.  | A. Newton's Firs law of motion<br>B. Newton's second law of motion<br>C. Newton's third law of motion<br>D. None of these   |
| 13 | When an ideal gas is expanded keeping its temperatur econsitant, its internal energy   | A. Increases<br>B. Remains the same<br>C. Decreases<br>D. Cannot be determined  |
| 14 | The reason that a car movint on a horizontal road gets thrown out of the road while taking a turn is.                            | A. The reaction of ground<br>B. Rolling friction between tyre and road<br>C. Centrifugal force<br>D. Centripetal force  |

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|    |  | <p>C. Lack of sufficient centripetal force</p> <p>D. Gravitational force</p>  |
| 15 | A ball is thrown downward with an initial velocity, its.             | <p>A. <math>E_k</math> increases and <math>E_p</math> decreases</p> <p>B. <math>E_k</math> decreases and <math>E_p</math> increases</p> <p>C. Both <math>E_k</math> and <math>E_p</math> increases</p> <p>D. Both <math>E_k</math> and <math>E_p</math> decreases</p> |
| 16 | A Partical enegine cannot have an efficiency equal to.               | <p>A. 0</p> <p>B. 1</p> <p>C. 0.8</p> <p>D. 0.5</p>   |
| 17 | The rate of change of momentum of free falling body is equal to its. | <p>A. Size</p> <p>B. Velocity</p> <p>C. Weight</p> <p>D. Momentum</p>   |
| 18 | In stable equilibriu the centre of gravity of the body lies.         | <p>A. At the highest position</p> <p>B. At any position</p> <p>C. Outside the body</p> <p>D. At the lowest position</p>   |
| 19 | A cylinder resting on its circurl bases is in                        | <p>A. Neurtral equilibrium</p> <p>B. Stable equilibrium</p> <p>C. Unsatable equilibrium</p> <p>D. None of these three</p>   |
| 20 | The area under the speed-time graph is numerically equal to          | <p>A. Distance covered</p> <p>B. Velocity</p> <p>C. Unifrom velocity</p> <p>D. Acceleration</p>   |