

10th Class Physics English Medium Online Test For Full Book

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Optical fibres works on the principle of:	<p>A. Reflection</p> <p>B. Refraction</p> <p>C. Total internal reflection</p> <p>D. Diffraction</p>
2	The output of a two input NOR gate is 1 when:	<p>A. A is 1 and B is 0</p> <p>B. A is 0 and B is 1</p> <p>C. Both a and b are 0</p> <p>D. Both a and b are 1</p>
3	Positive charge in an electric field always tend to move:	<p>A. Does not move</p> <p>B. From lower to higher potential</p> <p>C. From higher to lower potential</p> <p>D. All of these</p>
4	the resistance of conductor is inversely to:	<p>A. temperature</p> <p>B. length</p> <p>C. area of cross section</p> <p>D. pressure</p>
5	J.J Thomson observed deflection of cathode rays in:	<p>A. 1895</p> <p>B. 1896</p> <p>C. 1897</p> <p>D. 1998</p>
6	If one of the resistors in a parallel circuit is removed, the total resistance will be:	<p>A. Doubled</p> <p>B. Decreased</p> <p>C. Increased</p> <p>D. Remain same</p>
7	In the presence of a charged body, an insulated conductor develops positive charge at one end and negative charge at the other end, this is called:	<p>A. Electrostatics</p> <p>B. Electrostatic induction</p> <p>C. Magnetism</p> <p>D. Electromagnetic induction</p>
8	How Galvanometer is connected in circuit to detect current:	<p>A. In series</p> <p>B. In parallel</p> <p>C. Fixed</p> <p>D. Variable</p>

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9	by connecting suitable high resistance in series with galvanometer it will convert into:	<p>A. <p class="MsoNormal">voltmeter</p></o:p></p></p> <p>B. <p class="MsoNormal">galvanometer</p></o:p></p></p> <p>C. <p class="MsoNormal">ammeter</p></o:p></p></p> <p>D. <p class="MsoNormal">multimeter</p></o:p></p></p>
10	Old people cannot hear sound above than:	<p>A. <p class="MsoNormal">1000 Hz</p></o:p></p></p> <p>B. <p class="MsoNormal">15000 Hz</p></o:p></p></p> <p>C. <p class="MsoNormal">20000 Hz</p></o:p></p></p>
11	The unit of frequency is:	<p>A. Hertz</p> <p>B. Vibration per second</p> <p>C. Cycle per second</p> <p>D. all a, b, c</p>
12	The 1st practical electric battery is known as:	<p>A. Voltaic</p> <p>B. Pile</p> <p>C. Voltaic pile</p> <p>D. Voltaic cell</p>
13	Which we double the voltage in a simple electric circuit. We double the	<p>A. Current</p> <p>B. Power</p> <p>C. Resistance</p> <p>D. both a and b</p>
14	Which is not a hardware:	<p>A. <p class="MsoNormal">CPU</p></o:p></p></p> <p>B. <p class="MsoNormal">Window</p></o:p></p></p> <p>C. <p class="MsoNormal">Keyboard</p></o:p></p></p> <p>D. <p class="MsoNormal">Mouse</p></o:p></p></p>
15	Which is the most suitable means of reliable continuous communication between an orbiting satellite and Earth?	<p>A. Microwaves</p> <p>B. Radio waves</p> <p>C. Sound wave</p> <p>D. any light waves</p>
16	Electric current in conductors is due to the flow of:	<p>A. Positive ions</p> <p>B. Negative ions</p> <p>C. Positive charge</p> <p>D. Free electrons</p>
17	Mice can hear frequencies upto:	<p>A. <p class="MsoNormal">100, 000 Hz</p></o:p></p></p> <p>B. <p class="MsoNormal">25.000 Hz</p></o:p></p></p> <p>C. <p class="MsoNormal">120,000 Hz</p></o:p></p></p> <p>D. <p class="MsoNormal">1,000 Hz</p></o:p></p></p>
18	A converging mirror with a radius of 20cm creates a real image 30 cm from the mirror. What is the object distance:	<p>A. <p class="MsoNormal">5.0 cm</p></o:p></p></p> <p>B. <p class="MsoNormal">7.5 cm</p></o:p></p></p> <p>C. <p class="MsoNormal">15 cm</p></o:p></p></p> <p>D. <p class="MsoNormal">20 cm</p></o:p></p></p>
19	The unit of (ρ) in formula $R=\rho.L/a$ is_____.	<p>A. Ω</p> <p>B. Ω-m</p> <p>C. Ω-m²</p> <p>D. Ω-m⁻²</p>
20	The distance between two consecutive waves compressions or rarefactions is called:	<p>A. <p class="MsoNormal">Focal length</p></o:p></p></p> <p>B. <p class="MsoNormal">Wave length</p></o:p></p></p> <p>C. <p class="MsoNormal">Frequency</p></o:p></p></p> <p>D. <p class="MsoNormal">Time period</p></o:p></p></p>

