

NAT II Physical Science Verbal

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	<p>Bequeath:</p> <p>Educational planning should aim at meeting the educational needs of the entire population of all age groups. While the traditional structure of education as a three layer hierarchy from the primary stage to the university represents the core, we should not overlook the periphery which is equally important. Under modern conditions, workers need to rewind, or renew their professor. The retired and the aged have their needs as well. Educational planning, in their words, should take care of the needs of everyone.</p> <p>Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education. This basic defect has become all the more harmful today. A UNESCO report, titled "Learning to be" prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various forms of self-learning. A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents. And performance, not the period of study, should be the basis for credentials. The writing is already on the wall.</p> <p>In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries, the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry. For, to move in that direction means much more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education. But a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools. Also, these institutions should learn to cooperate with numerous community organizations such as libraries, museums, municipal recreational programs, health services etc.</p> <p>Q: According to the author, educational planning should attempt to</p>	<p>A. Alienate B. stab C. Obstruct D. Dispose of</p> <p>A. Train the people at the core. B. Encourage conventional schools and colleges C. Decide a terminal point to education D. Fulfill the education needs of everyone</p>
3	TAWDRY	<p>A. Marble B. Humidity C. Insolvent D. Elegant E. Awestruck</p>
4	CAPRICIOUS	<p>A. Diminutive B. Sudden C. Immoral D. Steady E. Piteous</p>
5	Abhor :	<p>A. Crave B. Reconcile C. Detest D. Rude</p>
6	<p>Democratic societies from the earliest times have expected their government to protect the weak against the strong. No 'era of good feeling' can justify discharging the police force or giving up the idea of public control over concentrated private wealth. On the other hand, it is obvious that a spirit of self-denial and moderation on the part of those who hold economic power will greatly soften the demand for absolute equality. Men are more interested in freedom and security than in an equal distribution of wealth. The extent to which Government must interfere with business, therefore, is not exactly measured by the extent to which economic power is concentrated into a few hands. The required degree of government inference depends mainly on whether economic powers are oppressively used, and on the necessity of keeping economic factors in a tolerable state of balance.</p> <p>However, with necessity of meeting all these dangers and threats to liberty, the</p>	<p>A. Freedom of people B. Tyranny of the political parties C. Powers of the government D. Chances of economic inequality</p>

powers of government are unavoidably increased, regardless of the political party in power. The growth of government is a necessary result of the growth of technology and of the problems that go with the use of machines and science. Since the government must take on more powers to meet the problems of the nations, there is no way to preserve freedom except by making democracy more powerful.

Q: The advent of science and technology has increased the

7	He is so lazy that he	<p>A. Cant delay the schedule of completing the work B. Cant depend on others for getting his work done C. Always extends help to others to complete their work D. Can seldom complete his work on time</p>
8	CRAVAT : NECK::	<p>A. Artist : Smock B. Bib : Dinner C. Muzzle : Biting D. Spats : Ankles</p>
9	BALEFUL	<p>A. Doubtful B. Virtual C. Deadly D. Headless E. Virtuous</p>
10	The unruly behavior of the children _____ their parents	<p>A. Aggrieved B. Impeached C. Incensed D. Tempered</p>
<p>The history of literature can be traced to the earliest forms of the arts. Man danced for joy round his primitive camp fire after the defeat and slaughter of his enemy. He yelled and shouted as he danced and gradually the yells and shouts became coherent and caught the measure of the dance and thus the first war song was sung. As the idea of God developed, prayers were framed. The songs and prayers became traditional and were repeated from one generation to another, each generation adding something of its own.</p>		
11	As man slowly grew more civilized, he was compelled to invent some method of writing due to three urgent necessities. There were certain things that it was dangerous to forget and which, therefore, had to be recorded. It was often necessary to communicate with persons who were some distance away and it was necessary to safeguard one's property by making appropriate tools and taking protective measure in a distinctive manner. So man taught himself to write and having learned to write, purely for utilitarian reasons, he used this new method for preserving his songs and his prayers. Of course, among these ancient peoples, there were only a very few individuals who learned to write, and only few could read what was written.	<p>A. Weight B. Rhythm C. Size D. Quantity</p>
<p>Q: The word "measure" in the context of the passage means</p>		
12	MACHINE GUN : MUSKET::	<p>A. Tank : Chain B. Frigate : Cruiser C. Autumnal : Vernal D. Palace : Cottage</p>
13	_____ was appointed the first commander in Chief of the Pakistan Army.	<p>A. Major General Sikandar Mirza B. General Ayub Khan C. General Gracey D. None of these</p>
14	HOVEL	<p>A. Crowd B. Whisk C. Pudding D. Palace E. Dust</p>
15	He has _____ people visiting him at his house because he fears it will cause discomfort to neighbours	<p>A. Stopped B. Warned C. Curtailed D. Requested E. Forbidden</p>
16	ADAPT	<p>A. Approve B. Applaud C. Shed D. Reject E. Fit</p>

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Our structures of education have been built up on the assumption that there is a terminal point to education. This basic defect has become all the more harmful today. A UNESCO report, titled "Learning to be" prepared by Edgar Faure and others in 1973 asserts that the education of children must prepare the future adult for various forms of self-learning. A viable education system of the future should consist of modules with different kinds of functions serving a diversity of constituents. And performance, not the period of study, should be the basis for credentials. The writing is already on the wall.

In view of the fact that the significance of a commitment of lifelong learning and lifetime education is being discussed only in recent years even in educationally advanced countries, the possibility of the idea becoming an integral part of educational thinking seems to be a far cry. For, to move in that direction means much more than some simple rearrangement of the present organization of education. But a good beginning can be made by developing Open University programs for older learners of different categories and introducing extension services in the conventional colleges and schools. Also, these institutions should learn to cooperate with numerous community organizations such as libraries, museums, municipal recreational programs, health services etc.

Q: According to the author, what measures should Open University adopt to meet modern sequence means?

- A. Develop various programs for adult learners.
- B. Open more colleges on traditional lines.
- C. cater to the needs of those who represent "core"
- D. Primary education should be under the control of open universities.

17

18

INANE

- A. Bawdy
- B. Serious
- C. Mature
- D. Anonymous
- E. Opposite

19

The ----- manner in which the trainee manager candidate addressed the board of selection committee was basic reason for his rejection; the board members agreed that enthusiasm is an essential is an essential quality in a manager.

- A. Imaginative
- B. Superior
- C. Timorous
- D. Perfunctory
- E. Suspicious

20

Through the U.S. prides itself on behing a leader in the world community, a recent report shows that it lags far behind other industrialized countries in meeting the needs of its youngest and most vulnerable citizens. The U.S. has a higher infant mortality rate, a higher proportion of low birth weight babies, a smaller proportion of babies immunized against childhood diseases and a much higher rate adolescent pregnancies. These findings, described as a quiet crisis requiring immediate and far-reaching action, appeared in a report prepared by a task force of educators, doctors, politicians and business people. According to the report, a fourth of the nation's 12 infants and toddlers live in poverty. As many as half confront risk factors that could harm their ability to develop intellectually, physically and socially. Child immunizations are too low, more children are born into poverty, more are in substandard care while their parents work and more are being raised by single parents When taken together, these and other risk factor can lead to educational and health problems that are much harder and more costly to reverse.

The crisis beings in the womb with unplanned parenthood. Women with unplanned pregnancies are less likely to seek pre-natal care. In the U.S. 80% of teenage pregnancies and 56% of all pregnancies are unplanned. The problems continue after birth where unplanned pregnancies and unstable partnerships often go hand in hand. Since 1950, the number of single parent families had nearly tripled. More than 25 percent of all births today are to unmarried mothers. As the number of single parent families grows and more women enter the work force, infants and toddlers are increasingly in the care of people other than their parents.

Most disturbingly, recent statistics show that American parents are increasingly neglecting or abusing their children. In only four years from 1987-1991, the number of children in foster care increased by over 50 percent. Babies under the age of one are the fastest growing category of children entering foster care. The crisis affects children under the age of three most severely the report says. Yet, it is this period- from infancy through preschool years- that sets the stage for a child's future.

The number of children born to married mothers in the U.S. is approximately how many times the number of children born to unwed mothers?

- A. 3 times
- B. 3.5 times
- C. 1.5 times
- D. 2 times
- E. Not mentioned in the passage

