

NAT II Physical Science Verbal

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	AVIARY	A. A weighing machine B. A birdbath C. An old measure of weight D. A bird enclosure E. Group of birds
2	<p>A great deal of discussion continues as to the real extent of global environment degradation and its implications. What few people challenge however is that the renewable natural resources of developing countries are today subject to stresses of unprecedented magnitude. These pressures are brought about, in part, by increased population and the quest for an ever expanding food supply. Because the health, nutrition and general well-being of the poor majority are directly dependent on the integrity and productivity of their natural resources, the capability of government to manage them effectively over the long term becomes of paramount important.</p> <p>Developing countries are becoming more aware of the ways in which present and future economic development must built upon a sound and sustainable natural resource base. Some are looking at our long tradition in environmental protection and are receptive to U.S. assistance which recognizes the uniqueness of the social and ecological system in these tropical countries. Developing countries recognize the need to improve their capability to analyze issues and their own natural resource management. In February 1981, for example, AID funded a national Academy of Sciences panel to advise Nepal on its severe natural resource degradation problems. Some countries such as Senegal, India, Indonesia and Thailand, are now including conservation concerns in their economic development planning process.</p> <p>Because so many governments of developing nations have recognized the importance of these issues, the need today is not merely one of raising additional consciousness, but for carefully designed and sharply focused activities aimed at management regimes that are essential to the achievement of sustained development.</p> <p>Q: The poor people of the developing world can lead a happy and contented life if</p>	A. There is a North-South dialogue and aid flows freely to the developing world. B. Industries based on agriculture are widely developed. C. Economic development takes place within the ambit of conservation of natural resources. D. There is an assured supply of food and medical care.
3	At the inception of Pakistan the portfolio of the governor of Sindh was given to.	A. Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayat Ullah B. Justice Din Muhammad C. Muhammad Ayub Khoro D. Pri Illahi Buksh
4	Producers of Punjabi films have long decried the ----- of the Lahore movie critics, whose reviews can determine the fate of a film in a month.	A. Fallacy B. Poverty C. Cruelty D. Power E. Absent mindedness
5	Although I had pledged not to tell anyone of the previous evening trauma, the compulsive urge to unburden myself became _____	A. Preposterous B. Overwhelming C. Impassive D. Irresistible
6	LECHER : LUST	A. Pith : Herb B. Glutton : Greed C. Business ; Profit D. Showbiz : Fame E. Garrulous : Cottage
7	LISTLESS	A. Turbulent B. Prolific C. Peace D. Dynamic E. Precious
8	Abhor :	A. Crave B. Reconcile C. Detest D. Rude
		A. Making

9	_____ by people's perception it seems that democracy has succeeded in Pakistan	B. Planned C. Following D. Going E. Liked
10	Giggle: Chortle	A. Smile: Grin B. Melancholy: Antipathy C. Emancipation: Bondage D. Insipid: Charming E. Edifice: Fecade
11	Many people have law degrees _____	A. But not all of them practice law B. However it isn't practiced by all C. And some of them do have practice also D. But some of them do not practice it E. Yet some are not undergoing practices
12	ESOTERIC:	A. Fair B. Popular C. Alluring D. Private
13	<p>The public distribution system, which provides food at low prices, is a subject of vital concern. There is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day, the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country. Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment, leading to rising income, and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy. However, till then, there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured, more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS). Although the PDS is extensive – it is one of the largest such systems in the world – it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places. It remains an urban phenomenon, with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access. The poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out, for they generally do not possess ration cards. The allocation of PDS supplies in big cities is large than in rural areas. In view of such deficiencies in the system, the PDS urgently needs to be streamlined. In addition, considering the large food grains production combined with food subsidy on one hand and the continuing slow starvation and dismal poverty of the rural population on the other, there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented. The growing salaried class is provided job security, regular income, and percent insulation against inflation. These gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population. If one compares only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years, the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity. The food subsidy is a kind of D.A. to the poor, the self-employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy. However, what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so-called food subsidy, the major part of it is administrative cost and wastages. A small portion of the above budget goes to real consumer and an even lesser portion to the poor who are in real need. It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature, except for the destitute, disabled, widows and the old. It is also true that subsidies often create a psychology of dependence and hence are habit-forming and killing the general initiative of the people. By making PDS target group oriented, not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost, but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities. When the food and food subsidy are limited, the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies. The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement. Q: Which of the following, according to the passage, is compared with dearness allowance?</p>	A. Food for work program B. Unemployment allowance C. Food subsidy D. Procurement price of food grains
14	Cumberstone :	A. Awkward B. Analyse C. Decay D. Grow
15	<p>The history of literature can be traced to the earliest forms of the arts. Man danced for joy round his primitive camp fire after the defeat and slaughter of his enemy. He yelled and shouted as he danced and gradually the yells and shouts became coherent and caught the measure of the dance and thus the first war song was sung. As the idea of God developed, prayers were framed. The songs and prayers became traditional and were repeated from one generation to another, each generation adding something of its own.</p> <p>As man slowly grew more civilized, he was compelled to invent some method of writing due to three urgent necessities. There were certain things that it was dangerous to forget and which, therefore, had to be recorded. It was often necessary to communicate with persons who were some distance away and it was necessary to safeguard one's property by making appropriate tools and taking protective measure in a distinctive manner. So man taught himself to write and having learned to write, purely for utilitarian reasons, he used this new method for preserving his songs and his prayers. Of course, among these ancient peoples, there were only a very few individuals who learned to write, and only few could read what was written.</p> <p>Q: The word "measure" in the context of the passage means</p>	A. Weight B. Rhythm C. Size D. Quantity

16	The chairperson is a scintillating speaker whose lectures completely _____ students	B. Absorb C. Enthrall D. Alienate
17	UNAFFECTED	A. Defective B. Insincere C. Transparent D. Weird E. Immune
18	PARCHMENT : PAPER::	A. Pity : feeling B. Book : paging C. Trees : lumber D. Quill : pen
19	Every person must learn _____	A. That his time needs a wise use B. Wise ways in his time's use C. That how wisely his time can be used D. To make wise use of his time E. To using his time in a wisely manner

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Q: What should be an appropriate step to make the PDS effective?