

## NAT II Physical Science Verbal

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	When Mahatma Gandhi visited Kashmir?	A. aug 14, 1947 B. 1st Aug 1947 C. Oct 16, 1947 D. Nov 15, 1948
2	Flurry: Confusion	A. Water: Thrist B. Night: Sleep C. Colour: Attraction D. Job: Pay E. Intimidate: Fear
3	Although officials claimed that its hull was -----, the Titanic sank after hitting an iceberg.	A. Iron made B. Impenetrable C. Prominent D. Oval
4	In order to raise the company profit, the employees	A. Decided to raise the cost of raw material B. Requested the management to implement new welfare schemes C. Demanded two additional increments D. Decided to go on paid holidays E. Offered to work over time without any compension
5	EBULLIENT	A. Feminine B. Dull C. Oily D. Salient E. Bulwark
6	UNAFFECTED	A. Defective B. Insincere C. Transparent D. Weird E. Immune
7	He had the nerve to suggest that I was cheating.	A. Strength B. Capacity C. Audacity D. Courage
8	The more we looked at the price of modern art _____	A. We liked it less B. The less we liked it C. it looked better D. The more we like it E. Better we liked it
9	VOLUBLE	A. Fat B. Loud C. Talkative D. Rambling E. Adore
10	ADMONISH	A. Hypnotic B. Honor C. Encourage D. Scold E. Prepare

The public distribution system, which provides food at low prices, is a subject of vital concern. There is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day, the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country.

Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment, leading to rising income, and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy. However, till then, there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured, more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS).

Although the PDS is extensive – it is one of the largest such systems in the world – it

has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places. It remains an urban phenomenon, with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access. The poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out, for they generally do not possess ration cards. The allocation of PDS supplies in big cities is large than in rural areas. In view of such deficiencies in the system, the PDS urgently needs to be streamlined. In addition, considering the large food grains production combined with food subsidy on one hand and the continuing slow starvation and dismal poverty of the rural population on the other, there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented.

- 11 The growing salaried class is provided job security, regular income, and percent insulation against inflation. These gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population. If one compares only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years, the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity. The food subsidy is a kind of D.A. to the poor, the self-employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy. However, what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so-called food subsidy, the major part of it is administrative cost and wastages. A small portion of the above budget goes to real consumer and an even lesser portion to the poor who are in real need.

It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature, except for the destitute, disabled, widows and the old. It is also true that subsidies often create a psychology of dependence and hence are habit-forming and killing the general initiative of the people. By making PDS target group oriented, not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost, but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities. When the food and food subsidy are limited, the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies. The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.

Q: What should be an appropriate step to make the PDS effective?

- A. To make it target group oriented
- B. To increase the amount of food grains per ration card
- C. To decrease the allotment of food grains to urban sector
- D. To reduce administrative cost

- 12 Foot : Toe

- A. Body: Legs
- B. Belly: Intestines
- C. Nail: Fingers
- D. Hand: Fingers
- E. Leaves: Tree

- 13 The passengers were very happy \_\_\_\_\_ the friendly and warm treatment given to them

- A. From
- B. To
- C. By
- D. About

- 14 AUTHOR : INVENTOR::

- A. Copy right : Patent
- B. Plot : Machine
- C. Technology : Gadget
- D. Book : Factory

The Romans – for centuries is the masters of war and politics across Europe, Northern Africa and Asia Minor – have often been criticized for producing few original thinker outside the realm of positive. This criticism, while in many ways true, is not without its problems. It was, after all the conquest of Greece that provided Rome with its greatest influx of educated subjects. Two of the great disasters intellectual history – the murder of Archimedes and the burning the Alexandria’s library – both occurred under Rome’s watch. Nevertheless, a city that was able to conquer so much of the known world could not have been devoid of the creativity that characterizes so many other ancient empires.

Engineering is one endeavor in which the Romans showed themselves capable. Their aqueducts carried water hundreds of miles along the tops of vast arcades. Roman roads built for the rapid deployment of troops, criss-cross Europe and still form the basis of numerous modern highways that provide quick access prominence to Rome’s economic and political influence.

- 15 Many of these major cities lie for beyond Rome’s original province, and Latin-derived languages are spoken in most Southern European nations. Again a result of military influence the popularity of Latin and its off spring is difficult to overestimate. During the centuries of ignorance and violence that followed Rome’s decline, the Latin language was the glue that held together the identity of an entire continent. While seldom spoken today, it is still studied widely, if only so that such master or rhetoric as Cicero can be read in the original.

- A. The Latin languages
- B. Military accomplishments
- C. An extensive system of roads
- D. A democratic system of governments
- E. Wide-ranging economic influence

It is Cicero and his like who are perhaps the most overlooked legacy of Rome. While far from being a democracy, Rome did leave behind useful political tool that serve the American republic today. “Republic” itself is Latin for “the people’s business,” a notion cherished in democracies worldwide. Senators owe their name to Rome’s class of elders. Representatives owe theirs to the Tribunes who seized power

class of elders, representatives owe theirs to the tribunes who seized popular prerogatives from the Senatorial class. The veto was a Roman notion adopted by the historically aware framers of the Constitution, who often assumed pen names from the lexicon of Latin life. These accomplishments, as monumental as any highway or coliseum, remain prominent features of the Western landscape.

Which of the following is Not described in the passage as a part of ancient Roman life that left a lasting legacy?

16	The officers threatened to take reprisals if the lives of their men were _____ by the conquered natives.	A. Destroyed B. Endangered C. Enhanced D. Irritated
17	GARGOYLE	A. Stone spout B. Golden eagle C. Garish D. Vile E. Negation
18	BIZARRE	A. Fair B. Lottery C. Muddled D. Ordinary E. Lull
19	Blemish :	A. Disgrace B. Eccentric C. Young D. Fair
20	SERRATED	A. Oily B. Joined C. Smooth D. Greeted E. Indecisive