

NAT II Physical Science Verbal

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	PERORATION: ADDRESS	A. Preamble : Speech B. Orchestration : Overture C. Score : Finale D. Chapter : Fiction E. Denouement : Novel
2	The history of literature can be traced to the earliest forms of the arts. Man danced for joy round his primitive camp fire after the defeat and slaughter of his enemy. He yelled and shouted as he danced and gradually the yells and shouts became coherent and caught the measure of the dance and thus the first war song was sung. As the idea of God developed, prayers were framed. The songs and prayers became traditional and wee repeated from one generation to another, each generation adding something of its own. As man slowly grew more civilized, he was compelled to invent some method of writing due to three urgent necessities. There were certain things that it was dangerous to forget and which, therefore, had to be recorded. It was often necessary to communicate with persons who were some distance away and it was necessary to safeguard one's property by making appropriate tools and taking protective measure in a distinctive manner. So man taught himself to write and having learned to write, purely for utilitarian reasons, he used this new method for preserving his was songs and his prayers. Of course, among these ancient peoples, there were only a very few individuals who learned to write, and only few could read what was written. Q: The first war-song	A. Was inspired by God B. Developed spontaneously C. Was a song traditionally handed down D. Was composed by leading dancers
3	Belying has mother's worries, Amir's behavior throughout the function was	A. Imaginable B. Imperial C. Immodest D. Impeccable E. Impervious
4	He has people visiting him at his house because he fears it will cause discomfort to neighbours	A. Stopped B. Warned C. Curtailed D. Requested E. Forbidden
5	HORRIBLE	A. Sabotage B. Agreeable C. Dogmatic D. Repulsive E. Appealing
6	The history of literature can be traced to the earliest forms of the arts. Man danced for joy round his primitive camp fire after the defeat and slaughter of his enemy. He yelled and shouted as he danced and gradually the yells and shouts became coherent and caught the measure of the dance and thus the first war song was sung. As the idea of God developed, prayers were framed. The songs and prayers became traditional and wee repeated from one generation to another, each generation adding something of its own. As man slowly grew more civilized, he was compelled to invent some method of writing due to three urgent necessities. There were certain things that it was dangerous to forget and which, therefore, had to be recorded. It was often necessary to communicate with persons who were some distance away and it was necessary to safeguard one's property by making appropriate tools and taking protective measure in a distinctive manner. So man taught himself to write and having learned to write, purely for utilitarian reasons, he used this new method for preserving his was songs and his prayers. Of course, among these ancient peoples, there were only a very few individuals who learned to write, and only few could read what was written. Q: Man invented writing because he wanted	A. To be artistic B. To write was song C. To write literature D. To record and communicate

7	Misrepresentative graphs and drawings the real data and encourage readers to accept arguments.	B. Distort spurious C. Illustrate controversial D. Complement unresolved E. Replace esteemed
8	A legislation was passed to punish brokers who their clients funds	A. Defalcate B. Devastate C. Devour D. Embezzle
9	Democratic societies from the earliest times have expected their government to protect the weak against the strong. No 'era of good feeling' can justify discharging the police force or giving up the idea of public control over concentrated private wealth. On the other hand, it is obvious that a sprirt of self-denial and moderation on the part of those who hold economic power will greatly soften the demand for absolute equality. Men are more interested in freedom and security than in an equal distribution of wealth. The extent to which Government must interfere with business, therefore, is not exactly measured by the extent to which economic power is concentrated into a few hands. The required degree of government inference depends mainly on whether economic powers are oppressively used, and on the necessity of keeping economic factors in a tolerable state of balance. However, with necessity of meeting all these dangers and threats to liberty, the powers of government are unavoidably increased, regardless of the political party in power. The growth of government is a necessary result of the growth of technology and of the problems that go with the use of machines and science. Since the government must take on more powers to meet the problems of the nations, there is no way to preserve freedom except by making democracy more powerful. Q: The growth of government is necessitated to	A. Make the rich and the poor happy B. Curb the accumulation of wealth in a few hands C. Monitor science and technology D. Deploy the police force wisely
		A. Dauntless : Trepidation
10	MAUDLIN: DISPASSION	B. Mawkish: Sentiment C. Vociferous: Predilection D. Avuncular: Kinship E. Perfunctory: Laxity
11	Dowry is no longer permitted by law even in marriage	A. Natural B. Bigamous C. Love D. Conventional E. Polygamous
12	Many people have law degrees	A. But not all of them practice law B. However it isn't practiced by all C. And some of them do have practice also D. But some of them do not practice it E. Yet some are not undergoing practices
13	The final edition of the Love and Cheating consists of six volumes; however, only a small of its full volume has ever been published.	A. Edition B. Volume C. Fraction D. Chapter
14	Through the U.S. prides itself on behing a leader in the world community, a recent report shows that it lags far behind other industrialized countries in meeting the needs of its youngest and most vulnerable citizens. The U.S. has a higher infant mortality rate, a higher proportion of low birth weight babies, a smaller proportion of babies immunized against childhood diseases and a much higher rate adolescent pregnancies. These findings, described as a quiet crisis requiring immediate and far-reaching action, appeared in a report prepared by a task force of educators, doctors, politicians and business people. According to the report, a fourth of the nation's 12 infants and toddlers live in poverty. As many as half confront risk factors that could harm their ability to develop intellectually, physically and socially. Child immunizations are too low, more children are born into poverty, more are in substandard care while their parents work and more are being raised by single parents When taken together, these and other risk factor can lead to educational and health problems that are much harder and more costly to reverse. The crisis beings in the womb with unplanned parenthood. Women with unplanned pregnancies are less likely to seek pre-natal care. In the U.S. 80% of teenage pregnancies and 56% of all pregnancies are unplanned. The problems continue after birth where unplanned pregnancies and unstable partnerships often go hand in hand. Since 1950, the number of single parent families had nearly tripled. More than 25 percent of all births today are to unmarried mothers. As the number of single parent	A. They are mostly malnourished B. They are less likely to receive parental care C. They are raised by single parents D. Their parents are mostly poor E. Their parents are emotionally immature

tamilies grows and more women enter the work force, intants and toddlers are increasingly in the care of people other than their parents.

Most disturbingly, recent statistics show that American parents are increasingly neglecting or abusing their children. In only four years from 1987-1991, the number of children in foster care increased by over 50 percent. Babies under the age of one are the fastest growing category of children entering foster care. The crisis affects children under the age of three most severely the report says. Yet, it is this period-from infancy through preschool years- that sets the stage for a child's future.

Children born out of unplanned pregnancies are highly vulnerable because

15	Fever: Flush	A. Malaria: Shiver B. Wings: Flap C. Rehearsal: Drama D. Cough: Cough E. Liquid: Gas
16	BRISK	A. Engrossed B. Occupied C. Diligent D. Swift E. Listless
17	CONSEQUENCE	A. Effective B. Plan C. Cause D. Retaliation E. Shame
18	Quaid-e-Azam spend the last days of his life at which of the following places.	A. Karachi B. LahoreZ C. Ziarat D. Quetta
19	EBULLIENT	A. Feminine B. Dull C. Oily D. Salient E. Bulwark
20	BRACKISH	A. Backward B. Having of foul smell C. Salty D. Woody E. Novelty