

## NAT II Physical Science Physics

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	A body moving in circular motion with constant speed has	A. Constant velocity B. Constant acceleration C. Constant kinetic energy D. Constant displacement
2	A 2 kg body and a 3 kg body have equal momentum. If the kinetic energy of 3 kg body is 10 J, the KE of 2 kg body will be	A. 6.66 J B. 15 J C. 22.5 J D. 45 J
3	A particle moves along a circular path under the action of a force. The work done by the force is	A. Zero B. Positive and non-zero C. Negative and non zero D. None of the above
4	A man pushes a wall but fails to displace it. He does:	A. Negative work B. Maximum positive work C. Positive work but not maximum D. No work
5	A bullet is shot from a rifle. As a result the rifle recoils. The kinetic energy of rifle as compared to that of bullet is	A. Less B. Greater C. Equal D. Cannot be concluded
6	How much water a pump of 2kW can raise in one minute to a height of 10 m, take $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ ?	A. 1000 liters B. 1200 liters C. 100 liters D. 2000 liters
7	A body of mass 2 kg is thrown up vertically with K.E. of 490 joules. If the acceleration due to gravity is $9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$ , the height at which the K.E. of the body becomes half its original value is given by:	A. 50 m B. 12.5 m C. 25 m D. 10 m
8	A body moves a distance of 10 m along a straight line under the action of a force of 5 Newton's. If the work done is 25 joules, the angle which the force takes with the direction of motion of the body is:	A. $0^\circ$ B. $30^\circ$ C. $60^\circ$ D. $90^\circ$
9	Which of the following four statement is false?	A. A body can have zero velocity and still be accelerated B. A body can have a constant velocity and still have a varying speed C. A body can have a constant speed and still have a varying velocity D. The direction of the velocity of a body can change when its acceleration is constant
10	The initial velocity of a body moving along a straight line in 7 m/s. It has a uniform acceleration of $4 \text{ m/s}^2$ . The distance covered by the body in the 5th second of its motion is	A. 25 m B. 35 m C. 50 m D. 85 m
11	A boy is dropped from a tower with zero velocity, reaches ground in 4s. The height of the tower is about	A. 80 m B. 20 m C. 160 m D. 40 m
12	What will be the ratio of the distance moved by a freely falling body from rest in 4th and 5th seconds of journey?	A. 4 : 5 B. 7 : 9 C. 16 : 25 D. 1 : 1

13	A train of 150 m length is going towards north direction at a speed of $10 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ . A parrot flies at a speed of $5 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ towards south direction parallel to the railway track. The time taken by the parrot to cross the train is equal to	A. 12 s B. 8 s C. 15 s D. 10 s
14	The sum of the magnitude of two forces acting at a point is 18 and the magnitude of their resultant is 12. If the resultant is at $90^\circ$ with the force of the smaller magnitude, then their magnitudes are:	A. 3, 15 B. 4, 14 C. 5, 13 D. 6, 12
15	A motorist travels A to B at a speed at 40 km/h and returns at speed of 60 km/h. His average speed will be	A. 40 km/h B. 48 km/h C. 50 km/h D. 60 km/h