

NAT II Oriental & Islamic Studies Verbal

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Bloated :	A. Privileged B. Emaciated C. Swollen D. Rapture
2	Immaculate: Spotless	A. Fastidious: Punctilious B. Careless: Carefree C. Mitigate: Pain D. Allay: Aggravate E. Ally: Lesson
3	ABHOR : DISLIKE::	A. Calcify : Petrify B. Rebuke : Ridicule C. Torture : Discomfort D. Fodder : Cattle
4	When Muhammad Ali Bogra presented his formula?	A. Dec 8, 1952 B. Dec 19, 1952 C. Oct 17, 1953 D. None of these
5	Who was the second Governor General of Pakistan?	A. Sikandar Mirza B. Liaqat Ali Khan C. Khawaja Nazim Uddin D. Malik Ghulam Muhammad

The public distribution system, which provides food at low prices, is a subject of vital concern. There is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day, the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country.

Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment, leading to rising income, and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy. However, till then, there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured, more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS).

Although the PDS is extensive – it is one of the largest such systems in the world – it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places. It remains an urban phenomenon, with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access. The poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out, for they generally do not possess ration cards. The allocation of PDS supplies in big cities is large than in rural areas. In view of such deficiencies in the system, the PDS urgently needs to be streamlined. In addition, considering the large food grains production combined with food subsidy on one hand and the continuing slow starvation and dismal poverty of the rural population on the other, there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented.

- 6 The growing salaried class is provided job security, regular income, and percent insulation against inflation. These gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population. If one compares only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years, the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity. The food subsidy is a kind of D.A. to the poor, the self-employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy. However, what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so-called food subsidy, the major part of it is administrative cost and wastages. A small portion of the above budget goes to real consumer and an even lesser portion to the poor who are in real need.

It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature, except for the destitute, disabled, widows and the old. It is also true that subsidies often create a psychology of dependence and hence are habit-forming and killing the general initiative of the people. By making PDS target group oriented, not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost, but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities. When the food and food subsidy are limited, the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies. The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation

- A. It has been able to develop confidence in the people at large.
B. It has not been able to utilize the entire food grains stock available.
C. It has effectively channelized the food grains to all sectors.
D. It has not been able to provide sufficient food to the poorer section of the society.

and nutrition improvement.

Q: What, according to the passage, is the main concern about the PDS?

7	SYNCHRONIZED	<p>A. Arhythmic B. Resonating C. Harmonized D. Bough E. Chronological</p>
8	AVIARY	<p>A. A weighing machine B. A birdbath C. An old measure of weight D. A bird enclosure E. Group of birds</p>
9	<p>The Romans – for centuries is the masters of war and polities across Europe, Northern Africa and Asia Minor – have often been criticized for producing few original thinker outside the realm of positive. This criticism, while in many ways true, is not without its problems. It was, after all the conquest of Greece that provided Rome with its greatest influx of educated subjects. Two of the great disasters intellectual history – the murder of Archimedes and the burning the Alexandria’s library – both occurred under Rome’s watch. Nevertheless, a city that was able to conquer so much of the known world could not have been devoid of the creativity that characterizes so many other ancient empires. Engineering is one endeavor in which the Romans showed themselves capable. Their aqueducts carried water hundreds of miles along the tops of vast arcades. Roman roads built for the rapid deployment of troops, criss-cross Europe and still form the basis of numerous modern highways that provide quick access prominence to Rome’s economic and political influence. Many of these major cities lie for beyond Rome’s original province, and Latin-derived languages are spoken in most Southern European nations. Again a result of military influence the popularity of Latin and its off spring is difficult to overestimate. During the centuries of ignorance and violence that followed Rome’s decline, the Latin language was the glue that held together the identity of an entire continent. While seldom spoken today, it is still studied widely, if only so that such master or rhetoric as Cicero can be read in the original. It is Cicero and his like who are perhaps the most overlooked legacy of Rome. While far from being a democracy, Rome did leave behind useful political tool that serve the American republic today. “Republic” itself is Latin for “the people’s business,” a notion cherished in democracies worldwide. Senators owe their name to Rome’s class of elders; Representatives owe theirs to the Tributes who seized popular prerogatives from the Senatorial class. The veto was a Roman notion adopted by the historically aware framers of the Constitution, who often assumed pen names from the lexicon of Latin life. These accomplishments, as monumental as any highway or coliseum, remain prominent features of the Western landscape. The primary purpose of the package is to</p>	<p>A. Reveal the indifferent attitude taken by the ancient Romans towards the fine arts B. Discuss the lasting accomplishments achieved by ancient Romans C. Analyse the use of the Latin language by the framers of the Constitution D. Show that the construction of roads and aqueducts could not have been accomplished in ancient Greece. E. Compare the destruction of the library at Alaxandria to the murder of Archimedes</p>
10	RECALCITRANT	<p>A. Submissive B. Maladroit C. Audacious D. Travail E. Divert</p>
11	The higher you go, the more difficult it _____ to breathe.	<p>A. Is becoming B. Became C. Has become D. Becomes</p>
12	Who was behind the formation of azad pakistan party?	<p>A. Sir sikandar hayat B. Malik feroz khan noon C. Mian Iftikhar uddin D. Iftikhar hussain mamdoot</p>
13	POSTHUMOUS	<p>A. Grand B. Born after father's death C. Given to enjoyment D. Hard working E. Origen</p>
14	SIMULATED	<p>A. Sequential B. Authentic C. Discouraged D. Mixed E. Depressed</p>
15	Flurry: Confusion	<p>A. Water: Thrist B. Night: Sleep C. Colour: Attraction D. Job: Pay E. Intimidate: Fear</p>
16	STIFLE	<p>A. Volley B. Encore C. Triplet D. Promote E. Dapple</p>

Recent advances in science and technology have made it possible for geneticists to find out abnormalities in the unborn foetus and take remedial action to rectify some defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child. Through genetic

defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child. Though genetic engineering is still at its infancy, scientists can now predict with greater accuracy, a genetic disorder. It is not yet an exact science since they are not in a position to predict when exactly a genetic disorder will set in. While they have not yet been able to change the genetic order of the gene in germs, they are optimistic and are holding about that in the near future they might be successful in achieving this feat. They have, however, acquired the ability to manipulate tissue cells. However, genetic mis-information can sometimes be damaging for it may adversely affect people psychologically. Genetic information may lead to a tendency to brand some people as inferiors. Genetic information can therefore be abused and its application in deciding the sex of the foetus and its subsequent abortion is now hotly debated on ethical lines. But on this issue geneticists cannot be squarely blamed though this charge has often been leveled at them. It is mainly a societal problem. At present genetic engineering is a costly process of detecting disorders but scientists hope to reduce the costs when technology becomes more advanced. This why much progress in this area has been possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A., U.K., and Japan. It remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen or will be able to obliterate illness from this world.

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- A. Possibility of abuse
- B. It is confronted by ethical problems.
- C. Increased tendency to manipulate gene cells
- D. Acquired ability to detect genetic disorders in unborn babies

Q: Which of the following is not true of the genetic engineering movement?

18

If you persist in telling lies to me I shall sue you _____ slander.

- A. For
- B. On
- C. With
- D. To

19

What was the portfolio of Muhammad Ali Jinnah before becoming the prime minister?

- A. Commerce minister
- B. Member of Parliament
- C. Ambassador in Bruma
- D. Ambassador in America

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ACCUMULATE

- A. Proliferate
- B. Abuse
- C. Congress
- D. Rally
- E. Board