

## NAT II Biological Science Verbal

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	FLACCID	A. Dark-haried B. Torpid C. Tactile D. <b>Sinewy</b> E. Soapy
2	MACHINE GUN : MUSKET::	A. <b>Tank : Chain</b> B. Frigate : Cruiser C. Autumnal : Vernal D. Palace : Cottage
3	CHURCH : SPIRE::	A. Temple : Shrine B. Opera : Stage C. Courtroom : Bench D. <b>Mosque : Minaret</b>
4	BAPTIZE:	A. Christen B. <b>Holy</b> C. Dehumanize D. Something that had been ostracized
5	There is no doubt that one has to keep _____ with the changing times.	A. <b>Pace</b> B. Himself C. Aside D. Oneself E. Tuning
6	MANACLE : MALEFACTOR::	A. Juvenile : Delinquent B. Suave : Maniac C. <b>Muzzle : Dog</b> D. Pinto : Tether
7	Man power is the _____ means of converting other resource to mankind'd use and benefit	A. Indivisible B. <b>Indispensable</b> C. Insuperable D. Inimitable E. Inequitable
8	Every person must learn_____	A. That his time needs a wise use B. Wise ways in his time's use C. <b>That how wisely his time can be used</b> D. To make wise use of his time E. To using his time in a wisely manner
9	Her reaction was not the only _____ one.	A. Workable B. <b>Possible</b> C. Likely D. Good
10	Liaqat Ali Khan was murdered by	A. Muhammad Ahmed B. <b>Sayyad Akbar</b> C. Akbar khan D. Saeed Ahmed
11	CAMERA : SIGHT::	A. Pictures : anthology B. Type : touch C. <b>Headphone : hearing</b> D. Thirst : water
12	LISTLESS	A. Turbulent B. Prolific C. Peace D. <b>Dynamic</b> E. Precious

The Romans – for centuries is the masters of war and politics across Europe, Northern Africa and Asia Minor – have often been criticized for producing few original thinker outside the realm of positive. This criticism, while in many ways true, is not without its problems. It was, after all the conquest of Greece that provided Rome with its greatest influx of educated subjects. Two of the great disasters intellectual history

– the murder of Archimedes and the burning the Alexandria's library – both occurred under Rome's watch. Nevertheless, a city that was able to conquer so much of the known world could not have been devoid of the creativity that characterizes so many other ancient empires.

Engineering is one endeavor in which the Romans showed themselves capable. Their aqueducts carried water hundreds of miles along the tops of vast arcades. Roman roads built for the rapid deployment of troops, criss-cross Europe and still form the basis of numerous modern highways that provide quick access prominence to Rome's economic and political influence.

13 Many of these major cities lie far beyond Rome's original province, and Latin-derived languages are spoken in most Southern European nations. Again a result of military influence the popularity of Latin and its off spring is difficult to overestimate. During the centuries of ignorance and violence that followed Rome's decline, the Latin language was the glue that held together the identity of an entire continent. While seldom spoken today, it is still studied widely, if only so that such master or rhetoric as Cicero can be read in the original.

- A. The Latin languages
- B. Military accomplishments
- C. An extensive system of roads
- D. A democratic system of governments
- E. Wide-ranging economic influence

It is Cicero and his like who are perhaps the most overlooked legacy of Rome. While far from being a democracy, Rome did leave behind useful political tool that serve the American republic today. "Republic" itself is Latin for "the people's business," a notion cherished in democracies worldwide. Senators owe their name to Rome's class of elders; Representatives owe theirs to the Tribunes who seized popular prerogatives from the Senatorial class. The veto was a Roman notion adopted by the historically aware framers of the Constitution, who often assumed pen names from the lexicon of Latin life. These accomplishments, as monumental as any highway or coliseum, remain prominent features of the Western landscape.

Which of the following is Not described in the passage as a part of ancient Roman life that left a lasting legacy?

14 Wheel: Hub

- A. Sea: Island
- B. Body: Heart
- C. Ruling Part: Cabinet
- D. Life: Happiness
- E. Watch: Needle

15 SIMULATED

- A. Sequential
- B. Authentic
- C. Discouraged
- D. Mixed
- E. Depressed

Anthropologists who study orangutans, distant cousins of the human race, find in the animals behavior hints of how our earliest ancestors may have lived. It has long been accepted that primates originally dwelt in the treetops and only migrated to the ground as forests began to dwindle. While to a certain extent, all primates except humans spend at least some time dwelling in trees, the orangutans, can grow as heavy as 330 pounds and live for decades, requiring copious amounts of fruits simply to stay alive. Thus, they become very jealous of the territory where they find their food. Compounding his territoriality are the breeding habits of orangutans, since females can only breed every few years and, like humans, give birth not to litters but single offspring.

16 Consequently, orangutans are solitary, territorial animals who have difficulty foraging in an part of the forest where they were not raised. Orangutans take from poachers by costumes agents undergo incredible hardship on their return to the wild. Incorrectly relocating a male orangutan is especially problematic, often ending in the animal's death at the hands of a rival who sees not only his territory but also the females of his loosely knit community under threat from an outsider. While humans, like chimpanzees, are more gregarious and resourceful then orangutans, the latter provide anthropologists with useful information about the behavior of prehuman primates and how apelike behavior influenced out ancestors search for the food and family beneath the forest canopy.

- A. While orangutans spend much of their time on the treetops, other apes live exclusively on the ground
- B. Orangutans and other types of apes are all sociable species but orgutans are more likely to bond for life
- C. Apes such as chimpanzees rely less upon their size than average orangutans do
- D. Orangutans spend less time in the company of their members of their species than do some other apes
- E. Because of their stringent territoriality orangutans are less likely to elude capture by poachers than are other apes

Which of the following can be inferred between the behavior of orangutans and that of other ape species?

17 She stood \_\_\_\_\_ Ahsan, but could not utter a single word for quite some time.

- A. About
- B. Before
- C. For
- D. To
- E. Towards

18 OCCULT

- A. Intelligible
- B. Crooked
- C. Sectary

D. Medieval  
E. Society

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19 Who inaugurated the National Bank of Pakistan.

A. Liaqat Ali Khan  
B. Muhammad Ali Jinnah  
C. Shoaib Quraishi  
D. Sikandar Mirza

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20 SLICE : SCALPEL::

A. Knit : Gloves  
B. Signal : Flare  
C. Yarn : Fiber  
D. Air : Tube

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