

NAT II Biological Science Verbal

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	ABSTRACT	<p>A. Theoretical B. Confused C. Indefinite D. Unrealistic E. Paintings</p>
2	IRK	<p>A. Broad B. Profound C. Delight D. Lofty E. Shock</p>
3	<p>Democratic societies from the earliest times have expected their government to protect the weak against the strong. No 'era of good feeling' can justify discharging the police force or giving up the idea of public control over concentrated private wealth. On the other hand, it is obvious that a spirit of self-denial and moderation on the part of those who hold economic power will greatly soften the demand for absolute equality. Men are more interested in freedom and security than in an equal distribution of wealth. The extent to which Government must interfere with business, therefore, is not exactly measured by the extent to which economic power is concentrated into a few hands. The required degree of government inference depends mainly on whether economic powers are oppressively used, and on the necessity of keeping economic factors in a tolerable state of balance.</p> <p>However, with necessity of meeting all these dangers and threats to liberty, the powers of government are unavoidably increased, regardless of the political party in power. The growth of government is a necessary result of the growth of technology and of the problems that go with the use of machines and science. Since the government must take on more powers to meet the problems of the nations, there is no way to preserve freedom except by making democracy more powerful.</p> <p>Q: The advent of science and technology has increased the</p>	<p>A. Freedom of people B. Tyranny of the political parties C. Powers of the government D. Chances of economic inequality</p>
4	PEREMPTORY	<p>A. Glacis B. Docile C. Convalescence D. Panegyric E. Jaded</p>
5	BANE	<p>A. Benefit B. Abundant C. Zenith D. Virtuous E. Undulate</p>
6	SLICE : SCALPEL::	<p>A. Knit : Gloves B. Signal : Flare C. Yarn : Fiber D. Air : Tube</p>
7	The unruly behavior of the children _____ their parents	<p>A. Aggrieved B. Impeached C. Incensed D. Tempered</p>
8	<p>Recent advances in science and technology have made it possible for geneticists to find out abnormalities in the unborn foetus and take remedial action to rectify some defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child. Though genetic engineering is still at its infancy, scientists can now predict with greater accuracy, a genetic disorder. It is not yet an exact science since they are not in a position to predict when exactly a genetic disorder will set in. While they have not yet been able to change the genetic order of the gene in germs, they</p> <p>are optimistic and are holding about that in the near future they might be successful in achieving this feat. They have, however, acquired the ability to manipulate tissue cells. However, genetic mis-information can sometimes be damaging for it may adversely affect people psychologically. Genetic information may lead to a tendency to brand some people as inferiors. Genetic information can therefore be abused and its application in deciding the sex of the foetus and its subsequent abortion is now hotly debated on ethical lines. But on this issue geneticists cannot be squarely blamed though this charge has often been leveled at them. It is mainly a societal problem. At present genetic engineering is a costly process of</p>	<p>A. Yes B. No C. It can do so only in some cases D. Study of genetic disorders is out of scope of genetics.</p>

detecting disorders but scientists hope to reduce the costs when technology becomes more advanced. This why much progress in this area has been possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A., U.K., and Japan. It remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen or will be able to obliterate illness from this world.

Q: At present genetic engineering can rectify all genetic disorders. Is it so?

9	HORRIBLE	A. Sabotage B. Agreeable C. Dogmatic D. Repulsive E. Appealing
10	Abdicate :	A. Give up B. Imperious C. Rude D. Dissent
11	LISTLESS	A. Turbulent B. Prolific C. Peace D. Dynamic E. Precious
12	His moral decadence was marked by his _____ from the ways of integrity and honesty.	A. Obsession B. Declivity C. Departure D. Opprobrium
13	An argument _____ between the two friends.	A. Broke out B. Broke in C. Sprang up D. Rose up
14	BRISK	A. Engrossed B. Occupied C. Diligent D. Swift E. Listless
15	Bizzare :	A. Normal B. Strange C. Logical D. Tense
16	Quaid-e-Azam spend the last days of his life at which of the following places.	A. Karachi B. LahoreZ C. Ziarat D. Quetta
17	CALIBER : RIFLE::	A. Army : ammunition B. Compass : bore C. Quality : shoot D. Gauge : rails
18	The author monotonously numerates the ----- points of scientific development, while omitting the details that might ----- the reader's interest.	A. week ... sell to B. Trivial ... boost C. Stylistic ... irritate D. Essential ... limit
19	Derogate:	A. Exaggerate B. Calm C. Deflenerate D. Ordain
20	To succeed in a difficult task_____	A. You need a person of persistent B. One needs to be persistent C. One needs to be persistence D. Persistent is needed E. Persistent is what one needs