

NAT II Biological Science Verbal

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	When I was a child, I _____ to school everyday instead of going by cycle	A. Had walked B. Have walked C. Walked D. Have been walked
2	Who was the second Governor General of Pakistan?	A. Sikandar Mirza B. Liaqat Ali Khan C. Khawaja Nazim Uddin D. Malik Ghulam Muhammad
3	TRUCK : LORRY::	A. Adobe : Brick B. Crane : Hoist C. Carriage : Pram D. Transport : Support
4	AUTHOR : ROYALTIES::	A. Archive : Presidents B. Writer : Monarch C. Agent : Percentage D. Patron : Patronage
5	He used to regale us with anecdotes.	A. Flatter B. Bore C. Fix D. Entertain

The Romans – for centuries is the masters of war and polities across Europe, Northern Africa and Asia Minor – have often been criticized for producing few original thinker outside the realm of positive. This criticism, while in many ways true, is not without its problems. It was, after all the conquest of Greece that provided Rome with its greatest influx of educated subjects. Two of the great disasters intellectual history – the murder of Archimedes and the burning the Alexandria’s library – both occurred under Rome’s watch. Nevertheless, a city that was able to conquer so much of the known world could not have been devoid of the creativity that characterizes so many other ancient empires.

Engineering is one endeavor in which the Romans showed themselves capable. Their aqueducts carried water hundreds of miles along the tops of vast arcades. Roman roads built for the rapid deployment of troops, criss-cross Europe and still form the basis of numerous modern highways that provide quick access prominence to Rome’s economic and political influence.

6 Many of these major cities lie for beyond Rome’s original province, and Latin-derived languages are spoken in most Southern European nations. Again a result of military influence the popularity of Latin and its off spring is difficult to overestimate. During the centuries of ignorance and violence that followed Rome’s decline, the Latin language was the glue that held together the identity of an entire continent. While seldom spoken today, it is still studied widely, if only so that such master or rhetoric as Cicero can be read in the original.

It is Cicero and his like who are perhaps the most overlooked legacy of Rome. While far from being a democracy, Rome did leave behind useful political tool that serve the American republic today. “Republic” itself is Latin for “the people’s business,” a notion cherished in democracies worldwide. Senators owe their name to Rome’s class of elders; Representatives owe theirs to the Tributes who seized popular prerogatives from the Senatorial class. The veto was a Roman notion adopted by the historically aware framers of the Constitution, who often assumed pen names from the lexicon of Latin life. These accomplishments, as monumental as any highway or coliseum, remain prominent features of the Western landscape.

The author describes "two of the great disasters in intellectual history" in order to

7	TORPOR	A. Rankle B. Impeach C. Commentator D. Vigor E. Teetotaler
		A. To improve

8	BATTER	<p>B. To beat C. To finish D. To rise E. Baking</p>
9	The defending champion justified his top _____ by clinching the title	<p>A. Technique B. Supremacy C. Skill D. Form E. Billing</p>
10	A glue produced by bees to _____ their hives appears to contain antibiotic substances	<p>A. Build B. Decorate C. Collect D. Design E. Structure</p>
11	PAUCITY	<p>A. Treachery B. Profusion C. Vixen D. Tincture E. Envious</p>

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12	Many of these major cities lie for beyond Rome’s original province, and Latin-derived languages are spoken in most Southern European nations. Again a result of military influence the popularity of Latin and its off spring is difficult to overestimate. During the centuries of ignorance and violence that followed Rome’s decline, the Latin language was the glue that held together the identity of an entire continent. While seldom spoken today, it is still studied widely, if only so that such master or rhetoric as Cicero can be read in the original.	<p>A. Connected many major cities in ancient Europe B. Are engineering marvels unequalled in modern times C. Are similar in some respects to modern highways D. Were products of democratic political institutions E. Caused the development of modern European cities</p>
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According to the passage, ancient Roman Roads

13	Abandon:	<p>A. Vacate B. Foil C. Lose D. Gain</p>
14	The driver suddenly applied the braked when he saw a _____ truck ahead of him	<p>A. Stationary B. Moving C. Static D. Immobile</p>
15	_____ i would not have helped such an ungrateful man.	<p>A. Had i been in your place B. Even after knowing that he was ungrateful C. Had I asked him for his help D. Through he did not deserve any help at all E. If he had shown due respect to me</p>
16	BECALMED	<p>A. Generous B. Tranquil C. In motion D. Simulated E. Inquisitive</p>

17	When I saw him through the window_____	A. I ran out to open the door B. I have run out to open the door C. I should run out to open the door D. I am running out to open the door
18	SUPPLE	A. Cram B. Rigid C. Theoretical D. Lofty E. Emaciate
19	<p>Recent advances in science and technology have made it possible for geneticists to find out abnormalities in the unborn foetus and take remedial action to rectify some defects which would otherwise prove to be fatal to the child. Though genetic engineering is still at its infancy, scientists can now predict with greater accuracy, a genetic disorder. It is not yet an exact science since they are not in a position to predict when exactly a genetic disorder will set in. While they have not yet been able to change the genetic order of the gene in germs, they are optimistic and are holding about that in the near future they might be successful in achieving this feat. They have, however, acquired the ability to manipulate tissue cells. However, genetic mis-information can sometimes be damaging for it may adversely affect people psychologically. Genetic information may lead to a tendency to brand some people as inferiors. Genetic information can therefore be abused and its application in deciding the sex of the foetus and its subsequent abortion is now hotly debated on ethical lines. But on this issue geneticists cannot be squarely blamed though this charge has often been leveled at them. It is mainly a societal problem. At present genetic engineering is a costly process of detecting disorders but scientists hope to reduce the costs when technology becomes more advanced. This why much progress in this area has been possible in scientifically advanced and rich countries like the U.S.A., U.K., and Japan. It remains to be seen if in the future this science will lead to the development of a race of supermen or will be able to obliterate illness from this world.</p> <p>Q: Which of the following, according to the author, could be the short-coming of genetic in becoming an exact science?</p>	A. There is a lack of advance technology to explore hidden areas of human brain. B. Technicians have not been able to manipulate germ cells. C. Ordinary microscope is unable to observe nerve cells D. Genetics is too complex to resolve some useful information
20	PLAINTIVE	A. Pithy B. Quaint C. Accuser D. Merry E. Hardened