

## NAT II Arts & Humanities Verbal

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	MENTOR	A. Lawyer B. Counselor C. Enemy D. Curator E. Compiler
2	WANE:	A. Decline B. Tired C. Dead D. Shine
3	ANGER : INSULT::	A. Business : Judgment B. Admiration : Happiness C. Conduct : Behavior D. Felicitous : Appreciate
4	CHURCH : SPIRE::	A. Temple : Shrine B. Opera : Stage C. Courtroom : Bench D. Mosque : Minaret
5	ATAVISM	A. Resemblance to remote ancestors B. Ancestor workshop C. The science of prolonging human life D. The science of soul E. Survival
6	<p>Democratic societies from the earliest times have expected their government to protect the weak against the strong. No 'era of good feeling' can justify discharging the police force or giving up the idea of public control over concentrated private wealth. On the other hand, it is obvious that a spirit of self-denial and moderation on the part of those who hold economic power will greatly soften the demand for absolute equality. Men are more interested in freedom and security than in an equal distribution of wealth. The extent to which Government must interfere with business, therefore, is not exactly measured by the extent to which economic power is concentrated into a few hands. The required degree of government inference depends mainly on whether economic powers are oppressively used, and on the necessity of keeping economic factors in a tolerable state of balance.</p> <p>However, with necessity of meeting all these dangers and threats to liberty, the powers of government are unavoidably increased, regardless of the political party in power. The growth of government is a necessary result of the growth of technology and of the problems that go with the use of machines and science. Since the government must take on more powers to meet the problems of the nations, there is no way to preserve freedom except by making democracy more powerful.</p> <p>Q: 'Era of good feeling' in the paragraph refers to</p>	A. Time of prosperity B. Time of adversity C. time without government D. Time of police atrocities
7	BATTER	A. To improve B. To beat C. To finish D. To rise E. Baking
8	LIKELY : PROBABILITY::	A. Sailor : Mutineer B. Bright : Radiance C. Funereal : Eulogy D. Defying : Enemy
9	He has _____ people visiting him at his house because he fears it will cause discomfort to neighbours	A. Stopped B. Warned C. Curtailed D. Requested E. Forbidden

Through the U.S. prides itself on being a leader in the world community, a recent report shows that it lags far behind other industrialized countries in meeting the

needs of its youngest and most vulnerable citizens. The U.S. has a higher infant mortality rate, a higher proportion of low birth weight babies, a smaller proportion of babies immunized against childhood diseases and a much higher rate adolescent pregnancies. These findings, described as a quiet crisis requiring immediate and far-reaching action, appeared in a report prepared by a task force of educators, doctors, politicians and business people. According to the report, a fourth of the nation's 12 infants and toddlers live in poverty. As many as half confront risk factors that could harm their ability to develop intellectually, physically and socially. Child immunizations are too low, more children are born into poverty, more are in substandard care while their parents work and more are being raised by single parents. When taken together, these and other risk factor can lead to educational and health problems that are much harder and more costly to reverse.

10

The crisis begins in the womb with unplanned parenthood. Women with unplanned pregnancies are less likely to seek pre-natal care. In the U.S. 80% of teenage pregnancies and 56% of all pregnancies are unplanned. The problems continue after birth where unplanned pregnancies and unstable partnerships often go hand in hand. Since 1950, the number of single parent families had nearly tripled. More than 25 percent of all births today are to unmarried mothers. As the number of single parent families grows and more women enter the work force, infants and toddlers are increasingly in the care of people other than their parents.

Most disturbingly, recent statistics show that American parents are increasingly neglecting or abusing their children. In only four years from 1987-1991, the number of children in foster care increased by over 50 percent. Babies under the age of one are the fastest growing category of children entering foster care. The crisis affects children under the age of three most severely the report says. Yet, it is this period- from infancy through preschool years- that sets the stage for a child's future.

The main focus of the passage is on the plight of

- A. Low birth weight babies
- B. Unwed mothers
- C. Orphaned children
- D. Teenage mothers
- E. None of these

11

ANIMOSITY

- A. Friendliness
- B. Anxiety
- C. Eagerness
- D. Reliability
- E. Slender

12

Sad: Melancholic

- A. Over: Under
- B. Joy: Ecstasy
- C. Weak: Robust
- D. Book: Writer
- E. Floor: Ceiling

13

When Mahatma Gandhi visited Kashmir?

- A. Aug 14, 1947
- B. 1st Aug 1947
- C. Oct 16, 1947
- D. Nov 15, 1948

14

Oasis: Desert

- A. Lunch : Desert
- B. Inveigh: Inveigle
- C. Forest : Jungle
- D. Ocean : Bay
- E. Affluence: Poverty

15

PAUCITY

- A. Treachery
- B. Profusion
- C. Vixen
- D. Tincture
- E. Envious

16

You must dispense \_\_\_\_\_ his service

- A. With
- B. Of
- C. In
- D. At

17

PERORATION : ADDRESS

- A. Preamble : Speech
- B. Orchestration : Overture
- C. Score : Finale
- D. Chapter : Fiction
- E. Denouement : Novel

18

ARCHIPELAGO : ISLAND::

- A. Peninsula : Strait
- B. Cluster : Stars
- C. Border : Desert
- D. Sun : Planet

19

FLACCID

- A. Dark-haried
- B. Torpid
- C. Tactile
- D. Sinewy
- E. Soapy

A. Surprisinolv

After completing her usual morning walk, Salma found herself ----- tired.

- B. More
  - C. Slowly
  - D. Unceasingly
  - E. Incessantly
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