

NAT II Arts & Humanities Verbal

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Who was the first chief Minister of the West Pakistan.	A. Mumtaz Daultana B. Dr. Khan Sahib C. Sardar Abdul Rab Nashar D. Nawab Muzzafar Ali
2	PORTLY	A. Briskly B. Vessel C. Slender D. Entirely E. Empty
3	When the elections wre held in East Bengal during the Bogra Govt?	A. Feb 1953 B. April ,1955 C. March 1954 D. May 1955
4	At the inception of Pakistan the portfolio of the governor of Sindh was given to.	A. Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayat Ullah B. Justice Din Muhammad C. Muhammad Ayub Khoros D. Pri Illahi Buksh
5	SLICE : SCALPEL::	A. Knit : Gloves B. Signal : Flare C. Yarn : Fiber D. Air : Tube
6	UNCOUTH	A. Urbane B. Exhort C. Sentient D. Prevaricate E. Paroxysm
7	GARGOYLE	A. Stone spout B. Golden eagle C. Garish D. Vile E. Negation
8	ALTIMETER : HEIGHT::	A. Speedometer : Speed B. Observatory : Constellation C. Racetrack : Furlong D. Vessel : Knots
9	SQUANDER	A. Scale B. Rebuff C. Haunt D. Hoard E. Lessen
10	Turbid: Muddy	A. River: Lake B. Tree: Darkness C. Bell: Ring D. Huge: Colossal E. Deep: Shallow
11	REDUNDANT	A. Insufficient B. Expanded C. Profound D. Numerous E. Verbose
12	WANE:	A. Decline B. Tired C. Dead D. Shine

The Romans – for centuries is the masters of war and politics across Europe, Northern Africa and Asia Minor – have often been criticized for producing few original thinker outside the realm of positive. This criticism, while in many ways true, is not without its problems. It was, after all the conquest of Greece that provided Rome with its greatest influx of educated subjects. Two of the great disasters intellectual history – the murder of Archimedes and the burning the Alexandria's library – both occurred under Rome's watch. Nevertheless, a city that was able to conquer so much of the known world could not have been devoid of the creativity that characterizes so many other ancient empires. Engineering is one endeavor in which the Romans showed themselves capable. Their engineers constructed hundreds of

A. Reveal the indifferent attitude taken by the ancient Romans towards the fine arts
B. Reveal the indifference

13

which the Romans showed themselves capable. Their aqueducts carried water hundreds or miles along the tops of vast arcades. Roman roads built for the rapid deployment of troops, criss-cross Europe and still form the basis of numerous modern highways that provide quick access prominence to Rome's economic and political influence. Many of these major cities lie for beyond Rome's original province, and Latin-derived languages are spoken in most Southern European nations. Again a result of military influence the popularity of Latin and its off spring is difficult to overestimate. During the centuries of ignorance and violence that followed Rome's decline, the Latin language was the glue that held together the identity of an entire continent. While seldom spoken today, it is still studied widely, if only so that such master or rhetoric as Cicero can be read in the original. It is Cicero and his like who are perhaps the most overlooked legacy of Rome. While far from being a democracy, Rome did leave behind useful political tool that serve the American republic today. "Republic" itself is Latin for "the people's business," a notion cherished in democracies worldwide. Senators owe their name to Rome's class of elders; Representatives owe theirs to the Tributes who seized popular prerogatives from the Senatorial class. The veto was a Roman notion adopted by the historically aware framers of the Constitution, who often assumed pen names from the lexicon of Latin life. These accomplishments, as monumental as any highway or coliseum, remain prominent features of the Western landscape. The primary purpose of the package is to

B. Discuss the lasting accomplishments achieved by ancient Romans

C. Analyse the use of the Latin language by the framers of the Constitution

D. Show that the construction of roads and aqueducts could not have been accomplished in ancient Greece.

E. Compare the destruction of the library at Alaxandria to the murder of Archimedes

14

ATHEIST

A. Hypnotic

B. Bane

C. Believer

D. Theorist

E. Alarmist

15

TEMPERANCE

A. Miserliness

B. Callousness

C. Dissipation

D. Sloth

E. Hospitality

16

ACT : STAGE::

A. Swim : Pool

B. Whale : River

C. Cat : Dog

D. Fish : Trout

17

An argument_____between the two friends.

A. Broke out

B. Broke in

C. Sprang up

D. Rose up

18

CANT

A. Singing through the nose

B. A temporary catchword

C. Begging

D. A penny whistle

E. Affected manner of speech

19

He had the nerve to face the robbers all alone.

A. Strength

B. Capacity

C. Audacity

D. Courage

20

FOIBLE

A. Feasible

B. Gull

C. Luxurious

D. Forte

E. Powerful