

NAT II Arts & Humanities Verbal

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	When was Muhammad Ali Jinnah given the title of Quaid-e-Azam,?	A. 1928 B. 1938 C. 1948 D. 1940
2	STRIKING	A. Inconspicuous B. Vibrating C. Straight D. Symmetric E. Harmonious
3	TEEMING	A. Marble B. Barren C. Individual D. Putting E. Combustible
4	Knowledge is like a deep well fed by _____ springs and your mind is the little bucket that you drop in it	A. External B. Perennial C. Immortal D. Inexhaustible
5	BEWILDERED	A. Confused B. Dedeived C. Discarded D. Neglected E. Sabotage
6	Who was the Prime Minister of Pakistan at the time of Khatm-i-Nabuwat Movement against the Qadianis?	A. Liaqat Ali Khan B. Khawaja Nazmi ud Din C. Muhammad Ali Ch D. Muhammad Ali Bogra

The public distribution system, which provides food at low prices, is a subject of vital concern. There is a growing realization that though Pakistan has enough food to feed its masses three square meals a day, the monster of starvation and food insecurity continues to haunt the poor in our country.

Increasing the purchasing power of the poor through providing productive employment, leading to rising income, and thus good standard of living is the ultimate objective of public policy. However, till then, there is a need to provide assured supply of food through a restructured, more efficient and decentralized public distribution system (PDS).

Although the PDS is extensive – it is one of the largest such systems in the world – it has yet to reach the rural poor and the far off places. It remains an urban phenomenon, with the majority of the rural poor still out of its reach due to lack of economic and physical access. The poorest in the cities and the migrants are left out, for they generally do not possess ration cards. The allocation of PDS supplies in big cities is large than in rural areas. In view of such deficiencies in the system, the PDS urgently needs to be streamlined. In addition, considering the large food grains production combined with food subsidy on one hand and the continuing slow starvation and dismal poverty of the rural population on the other, there is a strong case for making PDS target group oriented.

7 The growing salaried class is provided job security, regular income, and percent insulation against inflation. These gains of development have not percolated down to the vast majority of our working population. If one compares only dearness allowance to the employees in public and private sector and looks at its growth in the past few years, the rising food subsidy is insignificant to the point of inequity. The food subsidy is a kind of D.A. to the poor, the self-employed and those in the unorganized sector of the economy. However, what is most unfortunate is that out of the large budget of the so-called food subsidy, the major part of it is administrative cost and wastages. A small portion of the above budget goes to real consumer and an even lesser portion to the poor who are in real need.

It is true that subsidies should not become a permanent feature, except for the destitute, disabled, widows and the old. It is also true that subsidies often create a

- A. Mismanagement of food stocks
- B. Absence of proper public distribution system
- C. Production of food is less than the demand
- D. Government's apathy towards the poor

psychology of dependence and hence are habit-forming and killing the general initiative of the people. By making PDS target group oriented, not only the poorest and neediest would be reached without additional cost, but it will actually cut overall costs incurred on large cities and for better off localities. When the food and food subsidy are limited, the rural and urban poor should have the priority in the PDS supplies. The PDS should be closely linked with programs of employment generation and nutrition improvement.

Q: Which of the following is the main reason for insufficient supply of enough food to the poorest?

8 SLURP : SIP::
A. Watch : minute
B. Snipe : skirmish
C. Guffaw : giggle
D. Tiptoe : stumble

9 Who was the first Muslim Governor of Punjab.
A. I.I. Chandigar
B. A.R.Nishar
C. Mushtaq gormani
D. Mian abdul bari

10 ADMONISH
A. Hypnotic
B. Honor
C. Encourage
D. Scold
E. Prepare

11 NYMPH
A. Clinch
B. Flinch
C. Airy
D. Fairy
E. Cheery

12 HYPOTHETICAL
A. Methodical
B. Based on supposition
C. Double faced
D. To do with superstition
E. Mathematical law

13 GARGOYLE
A. Stone spout
B. Golden eagle
C. Garish
D. Vile
E. Negation

14 The modern club is simply a more refined substitute _____ the old fashioned tavern
A. For
B. With
C. Of
D. To

15 BROOM : SWEEP::
A. Rack : Leaves
B. Attic : Basement
C. Dove : Peace
D. Admire : Disdain

16 TROWEL : MORTAR::
A. Wrench : Twist
B. Hail : Dew
C. Salt : Recipe
D. Spatula : Icing

17 HORSE : STEED::
A. Offspring : Spawn
B. Compass : Bore
C. Dampness : Mildew
D. Girl : Damsel

18 LAUD
A. Substantial
B. Castigate
C. Inferior
D. Enormity
E. Move apart

19 TAPESTRY : LOOM
A. Emulsion : Wall
B. Inflation : Poor
C. Painting : Easel
D. Plan : Trip
E. Computer : Mouse

20 The chairperson is a scintillating speaker whose lectures completely _____ students
A. Entertain
B. Absorb
C. Enthrall
D. Alienate
