

## NAT I Medical Physics

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The contrast in the fringes in any interference pattern depends on	A. Fringe width B. Intensity ratio of the sources C. Distance between the slits D. Wavelength
2	A particle moving in a magnetic field has increase in its velocity then its radius of the circle	A. Decreases B. Increases C. Remains the same D. Becomes half
3	The part of a transistor which is heavily doped to produce large number of majority carriers is	A. Emitter B. Base C. Collector D. Any of the above depending on nature of transistor.
4	A train of 150 m length is going towards north direction at a speed of $10 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ A parrot flies at a speed of $5 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ towards south direction parallel to the railway track, The time taken by the parrot to cross the train is equal to	A. 12 s B. 8 s C. 15 s D. 10 s
5	The henry is the unit for	A. Resistance B. Magnetic flux C. Magnetic field D. Inductance
6	The fundamental unit which has same power in the dimensional formula of surface tension and viscosity is:	A. Mass B. Length C. Time D. None
7	A (100 W, 200 V) bulb is connected to a 160 V power supply. The power consumption would be	A. 64 W B. 80 W C. 100 W D. 125 W
8	As the electron in Bohr orbit of hydrogen atom passes from stat $n = 2$ to $n = 1$ the kinetic energy K and potential energy U change as	A. K two-fold, U also two-fold B. K four-fold, U also four-fold C. K four-fold, U two-fold
9	The time period of a simple pendulum is 2 seconds if its length is increased by 4 times then its period becomes	A. 16 s B. 12 s C. 8 s D. 4 s
10	A particle is moving in a uniform magnetic field then	A. Its momentum changes but total energy remains the same B. Both momentum and total energy remains the same C. Both changes D. Total energy change but momentum remains
11	Blood has a density	A. Equal to water B. Greater then water C. Lesser then water D. None of these
12	Two bodies of masses $m_1$ and $m_2$ have equal momentum their kinetic energies $E_1$ and $E_2$ are in the ratio	A. $\sqrt{m_1}$ B. $\sqrt{m_2}$ C. $\sqrt{m_1/m_2}$ D. $\sqrt{m_2/m_1}$

$z$  &nbsp; &nbsp; <span style="font-size: 14.44444465637207px;">m</span>  
<sub>2</sub><sup>2</sup>

13	For production of beats the two sources must have	A. Different frequencies and same amplitude B. Different frequencies C. Different frequencies same amplitude and same phase D. Different frequencies and same phase.
14	How does the Young's modulus vary with the increase of temperature?	A. Decrease B. Increase C. Remains constant D. First increases and then decreases
15	In LCR series AC circuit the phase angle between current and voltage is	A. Any angle between 0 and &nbsp; $\pm\pi/2$ B. $\pi/2$ C. $\pi$ D. Any angle between 0 and $\pi/2$
16	The primary winding of transformer has 500 turns whereas its secondary has 5000 turns The primary is connected to an a.c supply of 20 V, 50 Hz The secondary will have an output of	A. 200 V, 50 Hz B. 2 V, 50 Hz C. 200 V, 500 Hz
17	The percentage errors in the measurements of mass and speed are 2% and 3% respectively. How much estimate of the kinetic energy obtained by measuring mass and speed	A. 11% B. 8% C. 5% D. 1%
18	The minimum wavelength of the X-rays produced by electrons accelerated through a potential difference of V volts is directly proportional to	A. $\sqrt{V}$ B. $V^{2/3}$ C. $1/\sqrt{V}$ D. $1/V$
19	The average power dissipation in a pure capacitor in AC circuit is	A. $1/2 CV^{2/3}$ B. $CV^{2/3}$ C. $2CV^{2/3}$ D. Zero
20	If the metal bob is a simple pendulum is replaced by a wooden bob, then its time period will	A. Increase B. Decreases C. Remain the same D. First 'A' then 'B'