

Mathematics General Science Test Medium Mode

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Both the roots of the equation $(x - b)(x - c) + (x - c)(x - a) + (x - a)(x - b) = 0$ are always	A. Positive B. Negative C. Real D. None of these
2	The quadratic equation $8 \sec^2\theta - 6 \sec\theta + 1 = 0$ has	A. Infinitely many roots B. Exactly two roots C. Exactly four roots D. No roots
3	If the pth, qth, and rth terms of an A.P. are in G.P., then the common ratio of the G.P. is	
4	Question Image <input type="text"/>	
5	Question Image <input type="text"/>	
6	In quadratic equation, if the replacement of y with $-y$ leaves the equation unchanged, then the graph is	A. Straight line B. Circle C. Hyperbola D. Symmetric w.r.t.0
7	Question Image <input type="text"/>	
8	Question Image <input type="text"/>	
9	$i^3 =$	A. -1 B. i C. -i D. 1
10	Question Image <input type="text"/>	
11	Question Image <input type="text"/>	
12	Each point of the feasible region is called	A. Solution B. feasible solution C. Both a & b D. None
13	Question Image <input type="text"/>	D. none of these
14	Question Image <input type="text"/>	
15	Question Image <input type="text"/>	A. 2 B. 4 C. 6 D. 8
16	Question Image <input type="text"/>	A. 3/4 B. -3/4 C. 4/3 D. -4/3
17	Question Image <input type="text"/>	D. none of these
18	Question Image <input type="text"/>	A. An expression B. Rational fraction C. Equation D. Identity
19	If a polynomial $P(x)$ is divided by $x - a$, then the remainder is	A. $P(0)$ B. $P(-a)$ C. $P(a)$ D. None of these
20	A and B be two square matrices and if their inverse exist the $(AB)^{-1} =$	A. $A^{-1} B^{-1}$ B. AB^{-1} C. $A^{-1}B$ D. $B^{-1}A^{-1}$