

Mathematics General Science Test Medium Mode

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
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| 1 | Trival solution of homogeneous linear equation is | A. (0, 0, 0) B. (1, 2, 3) C. (1, 3, 5) D. a.b and c |
| 2 | Question Image | A. sin x + c Bsin x + c C. cos x + c Dcos x + c |
| 3 | Question Image | A. Addition B. Multiplication C. Division D. Both addition and multiplication |
| 4 | QUQ, = | A. N B. R C. W D. Z |
| 5 | Question Image | B. a f(x) + c C. f(x) + a |
| 6 | The roots of the equation will be irrational if b^2 - 4ac is | A. Positive and perfect square B. Positive but not a perfect square C. Negative D. Zero |
| 7 | Question Image | A. A B. B C. U D. None of these |
| 8 | If we have a statement "if p then q" then q is called | A. Conclusion B. Implication C. Unknown D. Hypothesis |
| 9 | In how many ways can 5 persons be seated at a round table | A. 5! B. 4! C. 3! D. 120 |
| 10 | The value of the expression $\sin\!	heta$ + $\cos\!	heta$ lies between | |
| 11 | The set of integers is a subset of | A. The set of natural numbers B. The set of whole numbers C. The set of prime numbers D. The set of rational numbers |
| 12 | How many arrangements of the letters of the word PAKISTAN cab be made | |
| 13 | If the expansion of $(1 + x)^{20}$, then co-efficient of rth ad $(r + 4)$ th term are equal, then r is | A. 7 B. 8 C. 9 D. 10 |
| 14 | Consider the equation $px2 + qx + r = 0$ where p,q,r are real The roots are equal in magnitude but opposite in sign when | A. $q = 0$, $r = 0$, $p \neq 0$ B. $p = 0$, $qr \neq 0$ C. $r = 0$, $pq \neq 0$ D. $q = 0$, $pq \neq 0$ |
| 15 | If a,β are the roots of the equation $x^2 + kx + 12 = 0$ such that $a - \beta = 1$, the value of k is | A. 0 B. ±1 C. ±5 D. ±7 |
| 16 | Question Image | A. Multiplication property B. Additive property C. Trichotomy property D. Transitive property of inequality |
| 17 | Question Image | |
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| 18 | The sum of even coefficient in the binomial expansion is | A. 2 ⁿ⁺¹ B. 2 ⁿ C. 2 ⁿ⁻¹ D. 2n |
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| 19 | If there is one-one correspondence between A and B, then we write. | A. A = B B. A⊆ B C. A⊇ B D. A~ B |
| 20 | Area of the circle with ends of a diameter at (-3,2) and (5,-6) | A. 128π sq. units B. 64π sq. units C. 32π sq. units D. None of these |