

## Mathematics General Science Test Medium Mode

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	If (2, 3) is the mid point of (a, 3) and (5, b) then	A. a = 1 , b = -3 B. a = -1 , b = 3 C. a = 1 , b = 3 D. a = -1 , b = -3
2	The obtuse angle between lines = -2 and $y = x + 2$ is	A. 120° B. 135° C. 150° D. 140°
3	Question Image <input style="width: 500px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	A. [0,1] B. [0, 1] C. ]0, 1[ D. None of these
4	The vertex of the equation $y^2 = 4ax$ is:	A. (2, -2) B. (1,1) C. (0 , 0) D. (2 , 2)
5	$x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x + 5$ is _____	A. An equation B. A polynomial C. Proper rational fractions D. Improper rational fractions
6	Question Image <input style="width: 500px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	
7	Question Image <input style="width: 500px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	
8	The number of triplets (x, y, z) satisfying $\sin^{-1}x + \cos^{-1}y + \sin^{-1}z = 2\pi$ is	A. 0 B. 2 C. 1 D. Infinite
9	Question Image <input style="width: 500px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	A. 2 B. -1 C. 8 D. not defined
10	The first three terms in the expansion of $(1 + x)^{-2}$ are _____	A. $1 - 2x + 3x^2$ B. $1 - 2x - 3x^2$ C. $1 + 2x + 3x^2$ D. $-2 - 2x + 3x^2$
11	If you are looking a bird in the tree from the ground then the angle formed is called angle of _____;	A. Elevation B. Depression C. Right angle D. None of these
12	The roots of the equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ are complex/imaginary if	A. $b^2 - 4ac < 0$ B. $b^2 - 4ac = 0$ C. $b^2 - 4ac > 0$ D. None of these
13	Question Image <input style="width: 500px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	A. 3 x 2 B. 2 x 3 C. 3 x 3 D. 2 x 2
14	Express the perimeter P of square as a function of its area A?	A. $P = 4\sqrt{A}$ B. $P = \sqrt{A}$ C. $P = 2A$ D. $P = \pi\sqrt{A}$
15	Question Image <input style="width: 500px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	A. 0 B. 1 C. -1 D. None of these
16	The set $\{-1, 1\}$ is	A. Group under the multiplication B. Group under addition C. Does not form a group D. Contains no identity element

17 Question Image

18 Associative law of multiplication

- A.  $ab - ba$
- B.  $a(bc) = (ab)c$
- C.  $a(b + c) = ab + ac$
- D.  $(a + b)c = ac + bc$

19 Question Image

20 Question Image