

## Mathematics General Science Test Medium Mode

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The extraction of cube root of a given number is a	A. Unary Operation B. Binary Operation C. Relation D. None of these
2	The value of x, and y, when $(x + iy)^2 = 5 + 4i$	A. $X = 2, y = 1$ B. $X = -2, y = 1$ C. $X = 2, y = -1$ D. $X = 2, y = 2$
3	p, q, r and s are integers. If the A.M. of the roots of $x^2 - px + q = 0$ and G.M. of the roots of $x^2 - rx + s = 0$ are equal, then	A. q is an odd integer B. r is an even integer C. p is an even integer D. s is an odd integer
4	$2x^3 + 3x + 9$ is a _____	A. Polynomial of degree 3 B. Quadratic equation C. Cubic equation D. Polynomial of degree 2
5	The distance between the points (2, 2) and (3, 3) is	A. 10 C. 5 D. 2
6	Question Image <input style="width: 100%; height: 15px;" type="text"/>	A. 2 b B. 2 a C. 2 ab D. a + b
7	Question Image <input style="width: 100%; height: 15px;" type="text"/>	A. 0 B. U C. $u/2$ D. $\log u$
8	If A is a non-singular matrix then adj A is	A. Non-singular B. Symmetric C. Singular D. Non defined
9	Question Image <input style="width: 100%; height: 15px;" type="text"/>	
10	The equation $(\cos p - 1)x^2 + x(\cos p) + \sin p = 0$ in the variable x, has real roots, then p can take any value in the interval	A. $(0, 2\pi)$ B. $(-\pi, \pi)$ C. $(0, \pi)$ D. None of these
11	If $\sin \alpha$ and $\cos \alpha$ are the roots of the equation $px^2 + qx + r = 0$ , then	A. $p^2 + q^2 + r^2 = 0$ B. $(p + r)^2 = q^2 + r^2$ C. $p^2 + q^2 + r^2 = 2pr$ D. $(p - r)^2 = q^2 + r^2$
12	For trival solution  A  is	A. A B.  A  is non zero C. A = 0 D. None of these

13	In $\mathbb{R}$ , the multiplicative identity is	A. 0 B. 1 C. -1 D. None
14	If $a + b + c = 0$ then which of the following is true	A. $a = b = c = 0$ B. $a, b = b, c = c, a$ C. $a \times b = b \times c = c \times a$ D. None
15	The sum of first $n$ even number is	A. $n^2$ B. $n(n+1)$ C. $n+1$ D. $n+2$
16	The property used in $-3 < -2 \Rightarrow 0 < 1$	A. Commutative property B. Additive property of inequality C. Additive inverse D. Additive identity
17	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	B. $\ln(x^2 - x + 1) + c$ D. $\ln(2x - 1) + c$
18	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	A. 9 B. -9 C. 0 D. 1
19	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	
20	The domain of the function $y = \sin x$ , is	A. $-\pi/2 \leq x \leq \pi/2$ B. $\pi/2 \leq x \leq \pi$ C. $-2\pi \leq x \leq 2\pi$ D. $-1 \leq x \leq 1$