

Mathematics General Science Test Medium Mode

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Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The set of real roots of the equation $log_{(5x+4)}(2x+3)^3 - log_{(2x+3)}(10x^2 + 23x + 12) = 1$ is	A. {-1} B. {-3/5} C. Empty set D. {-1/3}
2	Question Image	
3	If sided of □ABC are 16,20,and 33, then the value of the greatests angle to	A. 150□ 20' B. 132□ 35' C. 101□ 25' D. 160□ 50'
4	The slope of the tangent of the circle $x^3 + y^3$ =25 at (4,3) is:	A4/5 B. 4/3 C25/4 D. 25/3
5	Question Image	
6	Question Image	A. 1 B. 0 C2 D. 3
7	Question Image	A. 1 D1
8	Question Image	A. Does not exist because f is unbounded B. Is not attained even though f is bounded C. Is equal to 1 D. Is equal to -1
9	The multiplicative inverse of 0 is	A. 1 B1 C. 0 D. Does not exist
10	A right angle is the angle of measure	A. 90' B. 60° C. 60" D. 90°
11	For two vector a and b, a+b =	A. a b B. b+a C. b-a D. None
12	Question Image	
13	Question Image	B. a ^x ln a + c C. a ^x + c D. x a ^x + c
14	If $\cos^{-1}p + \cos^{-1}q + \cos^{-1}r = \pi$ then $p^2 + q^2 + r^2 + 2pqr$ is equal to	A. 3 B. 1 C. 2 D1
15	The differential equation of all st. lines which are at a constant distance to form the origin is	
16	Question Image	A. a = a B. a &It a C. a > a D. a < sup > 2 < / sup > = a
17	Question Image	
18	The principal value of sin ⁻¹ [- $\sqrt{(\sqrt{3})/2}$] is	A. $5\pi/3$ B. $-2\pi/3$ C. $-<$ img width="9" height="19" src="file:///C:/Users/Softsol/AppData/Local/Temp/msohtmlclip1/01/clip_image002.png" v:shapes="_x0000_i1025"> $\pi/3$ <pre>p class="MsoNormal"><!--[endif]--><o:p></o:p>D. $\pi/3$</pre>

A. analytic geometry Euclidean
B. solid geometry
C. Greek mathmaticians
D. None of these