

Mathematics General Science Test Medium Mode

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Any horizontal line divided the plane into	A. Left half plane B. Upper and lower half planes C. Infinite number of horizontal liens D. None of these
2	$\frac{3}{4}$ is _____	A. An odd number B. An even number C. A natural number D. A rational number
3	Question Image	A. $\frac{1}{2}$ B. 2 C. $\frac{1}{4}$ D. 4
4	Question Image	
5	Question Image	
6	Question Image	
7	Question Image	
8	Coordinates of the focus of the parabola $x^2 - 4x - 8y - 4 = 0$ are:	A. (0,2) B. (,0,1) C. (2,0) D. (1,2)
9	Question Image	
10	Question Image	
11	Question Image	A. 4 B. 3 C. 2 D. 1
12	If α, β are non-real roots of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ ($a, b, c \in \mathbb{Q}$), then	A. $\alpha = \beta$ B. $\alpha\beta = 1$ C. $\alpha = \beta$ D. $\alpha = 1$
13	Question Image	
14	The first three terms in the expansion of $(1 - x)^{-1}$ are	A. $1 + x + x^2$ B. $1 - x - x^2$ C. $-1 - x + x^2$ D. $1 - x + x^2$
15	Question Image	
16	Question Image	A. $a = 2, b = 3$ B. $a = 3, b = 2$ C. $a = 2, b = 1, 2$ D. $a = 3, b = 3$
17	If the focus is F (0, -a) and directrix is the line $v=a$, then equation of the parabola is:	A. $x^2 = 4ay$ B. $y^2 = 4ax$ C. $y^2 = -4ax$ D. $x^2 = 4ax$
18	Question Image	
19	The equation $x^2 + y^2 - 8x + 6y + 25 = 0$ represents	A. A circle B. A pair of straight lines C. A point D. None of these
20	$\cos(a-\beta) =$ _____;	A. $\sin a \cos \beta + \cos a \sin \beta$ B. $\sin a \cos \beta - \cos a \sin \beta$ C. $\cos a \cos \beta + \sin a \sin \beta$ D. $\cos a \cos \beta - \sin a \sin \beta$

