

## Mathematics General Science Test Medium Mode

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The discriminant of the quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ is	A. b <sup>2</sup> + 4ac B. b <sup>2</sup> - 4ac C. 4ac - b <sup>2</sup> D. a <sup>2</sup> - 4ac
2	Question Image	
3	The equation of the sphere thro' the origin and making intercepts a, b, c on co-ordinate axes is	A. x <sup>2</sup> + y <sup>2</sup> + z <sup>2</sup> + ax + by + cz = 0 B. x <sup>2</sup> + y <sup>2</sup> + z <sup>2</sup> + y <sup>2</sup> + z <sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<sup>2<su< td=""></su<></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup></sup>
4	Which of the following is a vector.	A. distance B. temperature C. energy D. acceleration
5	Vector <u>i</u> =	A. [1,0] B. [0,1,0] C. [0,0,1] D. None of these
6	Question Image	A. 1 B. 2 C. 3/2 D. 5/2
7	Question Image	A. 0 B2 C. 1 D. 4
8	Question Image	
9	If a, b, c are in AP., a, b, c are in G.P. then A, m <sup>2</sup> b, c are in	A. A.P. B. G.P. C. H.P. D. None of these
10	If S is a sample space and event set E = S then P(E) is	A. >0 B. 1 C. <1 D. 0
11	A function whose range is just one elements is called	A. One-one function     B. Constant function     C. Onto function     D. Identity function
12	Question Image	
13	Question Image	A. 15/23 B. 7/15 C. 7/8 D. 15/7
14	A bag contains 5 white, 7 red and 5 black balls. If four balls are drawn one by one with replacement, the probability that none is white is	A. (11/16) <sup>2</sup> B. (5/16) <sup>2</sup> C. (11/16) <sup>4</sup> D. (5/16) <sup>4</sup>
15	$\sin^{-1} x =$	A. tan <sup>-1</sup> x B. Cosec <sup> -1</sup> x C. Cosec x D. cosec <sup>-1</sup> (1/x)
16	For a square matrix A, if A = At, then A is called	A. Matrix B. Transpose C. Symmetric D. Non-symmetric

7	A square matrix A = [aij] is lower triangular matrix when	A. aij = 0 for all i <j B. bij = 0 C. cij = 0 D. dij = 0</j 
8	Question Image	A. a <sup>x</sup> B. a <sup>x </sup> In a
9	The domain of a finite sequence is a	A. Set of natural numbers B. R C. Subset of N D. Proper subset of N
)	A polynomial $P(x)$ has a factor $(x-a)$ if $P(a) =$	A. a B. x C. 1 D. 0