

Mathematics General Science Test Medium Mode

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	D. None of these
2	Such fraction which can not be written in the form of $\frac{p}{q}$ where p, q and $q \neq 0$, such fractions are called.	A. Fractional numbers B. Rational Numbers C. Even Numbers D. Whole Numbers
3	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	
4	Some of two real numbers is also a real number , this property is called:	A. Commutative property w.r.t addition B. Closure property w.r.t. addition C. Associative property w.r.t. addition D. Distributive property w.r.t addition
5	If a cone is cut by a plane perpendicular to the axis of the cone, then the section is a	A. parabola B. circle C. hyperbola D. ellipse
6	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	D. none of these
7	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	
8	If \underline{a} and \underline{b} are two vectors then $\underline{a} + \underline{b} =$	A. $\underline{b} + \underline{a}$ B. $\underline{b} - \underline{a}$ C. \underline{ab} D. $\underline{a}^{\underline{b}}$
9	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	
10	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	
11	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	A. Reflexive property B. Symmetric property C. Cancellations property w.r.t. addition D. Transitive property
12	$f(x) = ax + b$ will be a constant function if	A. $a = 1, b = 1$ B. $a = 1, b = 0$
13	Let a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4 and a_5 be such that $a_1, a_2,$ and a_3 are in A.P., a_2, a_3 and a_4 are in G.P and a_3, a_4 and a_5 are in H.P. Then, a_1, a_3 and a_5 are in	A. G.P. B. A.P. C. H.P. D. None of these
14	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	B. $\sin 2x + c$ C. $-\sin 2x + c$
15	<input type="text" value="Question Image"/>	A. <i>><i>π</i></i> B. <i>><i>π</i></i> C. <i>><i>π</i></i> D. <i>><i>π</i></i>

16 The 6th term of the sequence 7,9,12,16.....is

- A. 27
- B. 32
- C. 20
- D. 19

17 Question Image

18 The curve $f(x,y) = 0$ has a central symmetry if

- A. $f(-x,-y)=f(x,y)$
- B. $f(x,-y)=f(x,y)$
- C. $f(-x,y)=f(x,y)$
- D. $f(-x,-y)\neq f(x,y)$

19 The distance of the point $(-2, 3)$ from y-axis is

- A. 2
- B. -2
- C. 3
- D. 1

20 an $-an-1, \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge n > 1$ in an A.P is called

- A. Common difference
- B. nth term
- C. Common ratio
- D. None of these