

Mathematics General Science Test Medium Mode

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	$60^\circ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	
2	If origin is the mid point of (a,3) and (5,b) then	<p>A. $a = -5$, $b = -3$</p> <p>B. $a = 5$, $b = 3$</p> <p>C. $a = -5$, $b = 3$</p> <p>D. $a = 5$, $b = -3$</p>
3	Question Image <input type="text"/>	<p>A. $c = 0$</p> <p>B. $c = -1$</p> <p>C. $c = -2$</p> <p>D. $c = 1$</p>
4	Question Image <input type="text"/>	<p>A. 0</p> <p>B. -1</p> <p>C. 1</p> <p>D. not defined</p>
5	Question Image <input type="text"/>	
6	Question Image <input type="text"/>	<p>A. $-2x^{sup}3</sup>$</p> <p>B. $2x^{sup}-3</sup>$</p> <p>C. $-2x^{sup}-3</sup>$</p> <p>D. $2x^{sup}3</sup>$</p>
7	No term of a geometric sequence can be	<p>A. 0</p> <p>B. 1</p> <p>C. 2</p> <p>D. 3</p>
8	(1, 1) is the in the solution of the inequality	<p>A. $3x + 4y \geq 3$</p> <p>B. $2x + 3y \leq 2$</p> <p>C. $4x = 3y \geq 5$</p> <p>D. $2c - 3y \geq 2$</p>
9	$\sin(\alpha - \beta) =$	<p>A. $\sin\alpha \cos\beta - \cos\alpha \sin\beta$</p> <p>B. $\sin\alpha \cos\beta + \cos\alpha \sin\beta$</p> <p>C. $\sin\alpha \sin\beta + \cos\alpha \cos\beta$</p> <p>D. $\sin\alpha \sin\beta - \cos\alpha \cos\beta$</p>

font-size: 24px; color: rgb(34, 34, 34); text-align: center; background-color: rgb(255, 255, 224);"><i>α</i>cos<i style="text-align: center;">α</i>- cos<i style="text-align: center;">β</i>sin<i>β</i>

10	The quadratic equation $8 \sec^2\theta - 6 \sec\theta + 1 = 0$ has	A. Infinitely many roots B. Exactly two roots C. Exactly four roots D. No roots
11	Domain of $3 \sin x$ is _____	A. $[-3, 3]$ B. \mathbb{R} C. Positive real numbers D. None of these
12	Question Image	
13	If the trace of matrix A is 5, then the trace of the matrix 3A is	A. 3/5 B. 5/3 C. 8 D. 15
14	The sum of all even numbers less than 100 is	A. 2450 B. 2352 C. 2272 D. 2468
15	Question Image	A. 0 B. -4 D. none of these
16	Distance between A(3, 8), B(5, 6) is	
17	Question Image	
18	The point (x_1, y_1) lies outside the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$ if	
19	If there are m rows and n columns in a matrix then its order is	A. $m \times n$ B. $m \times m$ C. $n \times n$ D. $n \times m$
20	If y is an image of x under the function f, then we write	A. $y = f(x)$ B. $x = f(y)$ C. $y = x$ D. none of these