

## Mathematics General Science Test Medium Mode

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	$\cot \frac{\theta}{\theta} = \sin 2\frac{\theta}{\sin \theta} =$	
2	We also the system of non-homogeneous linear equations by	A. a and b B. b and c C. c and a D. a, b and c
3	If a 1-1 correspondence can be established b/w two sets A and B, then they are called	A. Equal sets B. Equivalent sets C. Over lapping sets D. None of these
4	Question Image	
5	If $A(x_1,y_1)$ , $B(x_2,y_2)$ and $C(x_3,y_3)$ are the vertices of a triangle then its centroid is	
6	Question Image	A. additive property B. multiplicative property C. additive identity D. multiplicative identity
7	Question Image	
8	If $f(x) = \tan x$ then $f(0)$ is	A. 0 B. 1 C. 1/2
9	Question Image	A. 0 B. 1 C1 D. None of these
10	In $\triangle$ ABC if y = 90° then the Pythagoras theorem is	A. $b2 + c2 = a2$ B. $a2 + b2 = c2$ C. $a2 + c2 = b2$ D. None of these
11	Question Image	
12	Roots of the equation $x^2$ - $x = 2$ are	A. {2, -1} B. {1, 0} C. {2, 1} D. {-2, 1}
13	Sin -1 x=	A. $\sin(\pi/2-x)$ B. $\sin-1 (\pi/2-x)$ C. $\pi/2-\cos-1x$ D. $\pi/2 + \cos-1x$
14	Question Image	
15	Question Image	
16	Question Image	A. I3 B. rI3 C. r D. none
17	Question Image	
18	The equation of the tangent at vertex to the parabola is $y2 = -8(x-3)$	A. y=0 B. x=3 C. x=1 D. x=5
19	Question Image	A. I quadrant B. II quadrant C. III quadrant D. IV quadrant
20	Roots of the equation $9x^2$ - $12x + 4 = 0$ are	A. Real and equal B. Real and distinct C. Complex