

FSC Part 2 Mathematics Full Book Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Question Image <input style="width: 500px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	A. Constant B. Implicit C. Identity D. Inverse
2	The opening of the parabola $x^2 = 4ay$ is upward of the:	A. x -axis B. y = c C. y - axis D. x = y
3	The directrix of the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ is:	A. x = a B. x = -a C. y = a D. y = - a
4	Question Image <input style="width: 500px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	A. Lagrange B. Newtown C. Leibniz D. Cauchy
5	Which one is an exponential function ?	
6	The inequality $y > b$ is the open half plane to the _____ of the boundary line $y = b$:	A. Above B. Left C. Below D. Right
7	Question Image <input style="width: 500px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	A. sin x B. cos x C. sinh x D. cosh x
8	$y = mx + c$ is the equation of straight line in:	A. Slope-intercept form B. Two points from C. Point slope form D. Intercepts form
9	If the line segment obtained by joining any two points of a region lies entirely within the region, then the region is called _____:	A. Maximum B. Vertex C. Minimum D. Convex
10	Question Image <input style="width: 500px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	A. Constant function B. Absolute linear function C. Linear function D. Quadratic function
11	The curves obtained by cutting a _____ double right circular cone by a _____ are called conics:	A. Straight line B. Plane C. Curve D. None of these
12	Question Image <input style="width: 500px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	A. Line parallel to x - axis B. Line parallel to y - axis C. Inclined D. Both (a) and (b)
13	Point p (-5, 6) lies the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 4x - 6y - 12 = 0$	A. Outside B. Inside C. On D. None of these
14	The symbol $y = f(x)$ i.e. y is equal to f of x, invented by Swiss mathematician-----:	A. Euler B. Cauchy C. Leibniz D. Newton
15	Which are the following triples can be direction angles of a single vector:	A. $45^\circ, 45^\circ, 60^\circ$ B. $30^\circ, 45^\circ, 60^\circ$ C. $45^\circ, 60^\circ, 60^\circ$ D. $30^\circ, 30^\circ, 30^\circ$
16	Joint equation of $y + 2x = 0$, $y - 3x = 0$ is:	A. $(y+2x)(y-3x) = 0$ B. $(y-2x)(y-3x) = 0$ C. $(y+2x)(y+3x) = 0$

$$D. (y-2x)(y+3x) = 0$$

17 The ratio between the measure of the radial segment and the diameter of a circle is:

- A. 2 : 1
- B. 4 : 3
- C. 1 : 2

18 If the graph of f is entirely above the x -axis, then the definite integral is _____:

- A. Positive
- B. Positive or negative
- C. Negative
- D. Positive and negative

19 

- A. 1
- B. 0

20 A line segment whose end points lie on the circle is called a _____ of the circle.

- A. Radius
- B. Chord
- C. Diameter
- D. None of these