

ICS Part 2 Statistics Chapter 14 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The variable, whose resulting value depends upon the selected value of the independent variable is called_____.	A. Regression B. Regressor C. Regressand D. Coefficient
2	The _____ regression line always passes through (\bar{X}, \bar{y}) .	A. Opposite B. Estimated C. Estimates D. Random
3	If constants are added to or subtracted from the values of the variables, the value of r	A. is negative B. is positive C. is zero D. remains unchanged
4	Question Image	A. y-intercept B. x-intercept C. slope D. none of these
5	The relationship that describes the dependence of the expected value of the dependent random variable for a given value of the independent non-random variable is called	A. equation B. relation C. ratio D. regression
6	Question Image	A. S_{xy} B. S_{yx} C. b_{xy} D. b_{yx}
7	If $r = -1$, then there is	A. negative correlation B. perfect negative correlation C. no correlation D. average correlation
8	r_{xy} ----- r_{yx}	A. = B. < C. > D. ≠
9	The variable, that forms the basis of estimation, is called_____.	A. Regression B. Regressor C. Regressand D. Estimated
10	A data points falling along a straight line is called_____.	A. Linear relationship B. Non-linear relationship C. Linear positive D. Scatter diagram
11	The straight line graph of the linear equation $Y = a + bX$, the slope will be upward it_____.	A. $b = 0$ B. $b < 0$ C. $b > 0$ D. $b \neq 0$
12	When b_{xy} is positive, then b_{yx} will be _____.	A. Negative B. Positive C. Zero D. One
13	Regression line x on y is	
14	The estimates of the parameters α and β are	A. μ and σ^2 B. a and b C. μ and π D. χ^2 and Z
15	The estimated regression line always passes through	A. origin C. x-axis D. y-axis
16	Question Image	A. 37 B. 132 C. 32 D. cannot be calculated

17	A process by which we estimate the value of dependent variable on the basis of one or more independent variable is called_____.	A. Residual B. Correlation C. Regression D. Slope
18	If $b_{yx} = 0.89$ and $b_{xy} = 0.75$, then $r =$	A. 0.89 B. 0.28 C. 0.98 D. 0.82
19	r is the ----- of two regression co-efficient b_{yx} and b_{xy}	A. arithmetic mean B. geometric mean C. harmonic mean D. median
20	If X and Y are independent, then $\text{Cov}(x,y) = 0$ which implies that	A. $b_{yx} = 0$ B. $b_{xy} = 0$ C. $\rho = 0$ D. $a = 0$