

## Physics ICS Part 2 Chapter 12 Online MCQ's Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	A one microfarad capacitor of a TV is subjected to 4000 V potential difference. The energy stored in capacitor is:	A. 8 j B. 16 j C. $4 \times 10^{-3}$ j D. $2 \times 10^{-3}$ j
2	A charge on 4 coulomb is in the field of intensity 4N/C the force on the charge is.	A. Uniform B. Non uniform C. Weak D. Strong
3	The SI unit of relative permittivity is.	A. Fm-1 B. C <sup>2</sup> N <sup>-1</sup> m <sup>-2</sup> C. Nm <sup>2</sup> C <sup>-2</sup> D. No unit
4	The middle region of electric field is:	A. Maximum field spot B. Zero field spot C. Perpendicular field spot D. All of above
5	The electric field created by positive charge is	A. Radially inward B. Zero C. Circular D. Radially outward
6	Which material should be inserted between the plates of a capacitor in order to increase its capacitance.	A. Copper B. Mica C. Iron D. Tin
7	Which one of the following is correct	A. D. All of above
8	Drum of photocopier is made of.	A. Copper B. Aluminum C. Nickel D. Cobalt
9	Due to polarization, electric field E.	A. Increase B. Decrease C. First increases then decreases D. Remain same
10	For computation of electric flux, the surface area should be.	A. Parallel B. Flat C. Curved D. Spherical
11	Selenium is	A. Insulator is dark B. Insulator in light C. Conductor in dark D. Semi conductor in dark
12	The net charge on a capacitor magnitude of charge of charge	A. Infinity B. 2 q C. Q/2 D. Zero
13	The relative permittivity of air is	A. 79.5 B. 1.006 C. 1.06 D. 1.0006
14	Concept of the electric field lines is introduced by	A. Coulomb B. Faraday C. Einstein D. Joseph henry
15	Gauss's law can only be applied to.	A. A curved surface B. A flat surface C. A closed surface D. A surface of any shape
		A. Gravitational force

16	Force per unit charge is called:	<p>B. Electric field intensity</p> <p>C. Coulomb's force</p> <p>D. None of these</p>
17	The electrons in one coulomb charge is equal to.	<p>A. <math>1.6 \times 10^{-19}</math></p> <p>B. <math>2.25 \times 10^{-19}</math></p> <p>C. <math>6.25 \times 10^{-18}</math></p> <p>D. <math>6.25 \times 10^{-19}</math></p>
18	A charge Q is divided into two parts q and Q-q and separated by a distance R. The force of equilibrium between them will be maximum when:	<p>A. <math>q=Q/4</math></p> <p>B. <math>q=Q/2</math></p> <p>C. <math>q=Q</math></p> <p>D. None of these</p>
19	Electric potential at a distance "r" from "q" is:	<p>A. <math>V_r = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q}{r^2}</math></p> <p>B. <math>V_r = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q}{r^2}</math></p> <p>C. <math>V_r = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q}{r}</math></p> <p>D. <math>V_r = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q}{r^2}</math></p>
20	Charge on electron is	<p>A. <math>1.6 \times 10^{-19}</math> C</p> <p>B. <math>1.6 \times 10^{-19}</math> C</p> <p>C. <math>1.6 \times 10^{-17}</math> C</p> <p>D. <math>1.6 \times 10^{17}</math> C</p>