

ICS Part 2 Mathematics Full Book Test Online

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Question Image <input style="width: 500px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	A. 0 B. 1 C. e D. Does not exist
2	X-coordinate of any point on Y-axis:	A. 0 B. x C. y D. 1
3	The operation _____ by a positive constant to each side of inequality will affect the order (or sense) of inequality:	A. Adding B. Subtracting C. Multiplying D. None of these
4	If the lower limit is a constant and the upper limit is a variable, then the integral is a function of:	A. x B. y C. lower limit D. upper limit
5	Question Image <input style="width: 500px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	A. Line parallel to x - axis B. Line parallel to y - axis C. Inclined D. Both (a) and (b)
6	Question Image <input style="width: 500px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	A. Continuous at $x = 1$ B. Not continuous at $x = 1$ C. Both a and b D. none
7	A line segment having both the end-points on a circle and not passing through the center is called a:	A. A chord B. A secant C. A diameter D. None of these
8	The radius of circle $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$ is:	A. Euler B. Cauchy C. Leibniz D. Newton
9	The symbol $y = f(x)$ i.e. y is equal to f of x, invented by Swiss mathematician-----:	A. Euler B. Cauchy C. Leibniz D. Newton
10	The point of a parabola which is closest to the focus is the:	A. Directrix B. Vertex C. Focus D. Chord
11	The vertex of the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ is:	A. (-a, 0) B. (a, 0) C. (0, -a) D. (0, 0)
12	Question Image <input style="width: 500px; height: 20px;" type="text"/>	
13	An angle in a semi-circle is:	A. 0° B. 90° C. 180° D. 60°
14	In the case of translation of axes which formula is true:	A. $x = X - h$ B. $x = X + h$ C. $x + X = h$ D. None
15	If the inclination of the line l lies between $]0^\circ, 90^\circ[$, then the slope of l is:	A. Positive B. Negative C. Undefined D. None of these
16	If the equation of the parabola is $y^2 = - 4ax$, then opening of the parabola is to the _____ of the y-axis:	A. Left B. Upward C. Right D. Downward

17	Question Image	<p>A. $e^{-x} \sin x + c$ B. $-e^{-x} \sin x + c$ C. $e^{-x} \cos x + c$ D. $-e^{-x} \sin x + c$</p>
18	Question Image	<p>A. Line parallel to x-axis B. Line parallel to y-axis C. Line passing through the origin D. Both (a) and (b)</p>
19	If the line segment obtained by joining any two points of a region lies entirely within the region, then the region is called _____:	<p>A. Maximum B. Vertex C. Minimum D. Convex</p>
20	$y = b$ is a horizontal line perpendicular to _____:	<p>A. x - axis B. y - axis may be C. y - axis D. None of these</p>