

ICS Part 2 Computer Science Chapter 9 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Which of the following operations has lowest precedence?	A. ! B. + C. = D. ==
2	Which term describes the kind of values that a variable can store?	A. Variable name B. Datatype C. Variabletype D. Variablesize
3	Which is a valid statement for declaring a variable?	A. int marks; B. int a,b,c; C. Double salary; D. All
4	How many primary keys can a table have	A. One B. At least one but not more than two C. Between 1-5 D. No limit
5	A process of assigning initial value to a variable at the time of declaration is called:	A. Assigning B. Initializing C. Naming D. setting
6	Which data type is used to store numeric value with no decimal point?	A. int B. char C. float D. All
7	Which of the following is not a good primary key	A. Social security number B. Order number C. Zip code D. STD ID number
8	C is strongly typed language, it means that:	A. Every program must be compiled before execution B. Every variable must be declared before it is being used C. The variable declaration also defines the variable D. Sufficient data types are available to manipulate each type of data
9	Which of the following is the valid character constant	A. A B. "B" C. "6" D. =
10	A primary key that consists of more than one attribute is called a	A. Foreign key B. Composite key C. Multi-valued key D. Global key
11	The number of bytes used by double data type in C is:	A. 2 B. 8 C. 12 D. 16
12	Which of the following operators has lowest precedence	A. ! B. + C. = D. =
13	Which variable should be used to store the value "I want an A in this exam".	A. char B. int C. float D. character
14	Which is a numeric data type ?	A. float B. int C. Both a and b D. char

15	The logical not operator denoted by is	A. l ernary operator B. Unary operator C. a=a+b D. b=b+a
16	Variables are created in	A. Ram B. Rom C. Hard disk D. Cache
17	An integer variable can store the value:	A. -1.1 B. "123" C. 32898 D. 5.5
18	Which of the following is NOT a valid identifier?	A. return B. myInt C. myInteger D. total3
19	The number of digits after a decimal point is called:	A. Significance B. Precision C. Range D. Scope
20	The exponential notation consists of:	A. Mantissa B. Exponent C. Range D. A and B